# 2 Practice file

# Working with words

1 Complete the text with the correct answer from the options in 1-9.

# The teenage entrepreneur

In many ways, the company Doherty Preserves looks like

your typical local food company, with a simple 1\_\_\_\_\_c

aı	nd 2 custor	ner base. It sells a 3_	range		
of marmalades, jams and fruit preserves, based on old					
recipes, to delicatessens and local markets. And like every					
	ther food business the				
	each a more health-cor	iscious consumer, so	not a		
-	idea.				
	hat is surprising, is th				
of a 14-year-old. Now aged 16, Fraser Doherty first					
	with the id randmother taught hir				
	as the 'a-ha' 7				
	egun selling to the neig				
	iends to sell door-to-do				
Sı	uch 8 from	one so voung might	be put down to		
	good education, but F				
	om what I learnt at scl				
	oney has never prove				
	much with profits an				
m	e is improving quality	and customer satisf	action.'		
1	a prototype	<b>b</b> catalyst	c concept		
2	a reliable	<b>b</b> dynamic	c original		
3	a traditional	<b>b</b> revolutionary	c state-of-the-art		
4	a revolutionary	<b>b</b> reliable	c simple		
5	a facilitator	<b>b</b> brainchild	c invention		
6	a came across	b came out	c came up		
7	a time	<b>b</b> minute	c moment		
8	a breakthrough	<b>b</b> innovation	c reliability		
9	a obstacle	<b>b</b> prototype	c brainchild		
_					
	ut the letters in bra ords that match th		order to find		
	something that gets	-			
	the first form of som	ething new:			
	(ROPETPTOY)				
	an idea for somethin				
4	something is this w	hen you can depend	d on it:		
_	(ELREIBLA)				
_	not complicated:				
6	(				
7					
	done or thought abo	out: (AE	EVYROONLTUIR)		

### **Business communication skills**

- 1 Choose the correct answer from the words in italics.
  - 1 Good morning, and thanks for / to / at coming.
  - 2 I'm going to tell you of / about / for my new concept.
  - 3 I'd like to begin from / at / by outlining the main problems.
  - 4 I'll take questions by / at / to the end.
  - 5 Let's look at / by / from this chart.
  - 6 The main reason of / for / about this, is the drop in demand.
  - 7 The best thing of / for / about this, is it's simplicity.
  - 8 That brings me by / at / to the end of my presentation.
  - 9 Can I get back to you with / on / at that one?
  - 10 I totally agree with / on / by you.

2	Complete this	introduction	to a present	ation with a
	suitable word			

1	afternoon everyone.
2	I am today to tell you about an exciting new
	way of choosing your holiday.
3	I'd like to by giving you an overview of my talk.
4	, I'll tell you about how the concept was
	developed.
5	we'll have a look at how it was launched.
6	And we'll have a look at the website and I'll show you how it works.
7	Please feel to ask questions at any time

# 3

	sh	ov	you how it works.
7	Pl	lea	se feel to ask questions at any time.
			e final part of this presentation in the right
_		а	bring immediate results. So, to
	_	b	we need to listen. Then
_		c	for listening. Are
_		d	see from this
_	_	е	summarize, there are three
		f	brings me to the end of my presentation. Thanks
		g	ways to respond to our customers. First,
_1	_	h	So, as you can
	-	i	we need to be seen to be listening and reacting. $OK$ , that
_	_	j	there any questions?
_	_	k	diagram, thinking about our customers can
_	_	1	we need to act. And finally,

2

# Language at work | Superlative forms

## Superlative forms

#### **Form**

1 Add -est to one- and some two-syllable adjectives and to adverbs with the same forms as adjectives, e.g. fast, straight, high.

small smallest fast fastest

2 If the adjective or adverb ends in -y, change the -y to an -i and add -est.

early earliest

3 Double the consonant after a vowel at the end of short adjectives.

hot hottest
big biggest
thin thinnest

4 Some adjectives and adverbs are irregular.

good / well best

bad / badly wo

5 Add most to two- or more syllable adjectives and adverbs ending in -ly (except early).

accurate most accurate quickly most quickly

6 Also add most to adjectives ending in -ed.

pleased most pleased tired most tired

7 Don't use most with an -est superlative.

Do say: She is the best boss in the company.

Don't say: She is the most best boss in the company.

8 In most sentences, use the before the superlative.

Do say: This is the fastest car on the road. Don't say: This is fastest car on the road.

#### Use

1 To describe the maximum or minimum.

This has the largest memory of any laptop.

2 To place something in a position after first place.

We're the second biggest supplier in this market.

3 Followed by the present perfect to describe our experience of something.

It was the worst food I've ever tasted.

# Language tip

Don't use the in certain phrases.

Do say: It's best to arrive early.

Don't say: It's the best to arrive early.

#### 1 Correct these sentences.

- 1 Face-to-face communication is still the most best way of doing business. \_\_\_\_best\_\_\_\_
- 2 I think quickest way to send it, is by courier. \_\_
- 3 Microsoft must still be the more influential company in the whole world. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 It's the most beautiful place we ever visited. \_
- 5 Since taking this job, I'm the boredest I've ever been.
- 6 We don't want to be a second most successful. We want to be number one! \_\_\_\_\_
- 7 What's the biggest order you ever received?
- 8 My boss is the most busiest person in the company.

### 2 Complete this article with words from the list. If necessary, change the word to a superlative form.

bad good few (x2) flexible seconthe has

# Age at work



Jutta Kray of Saarland University in Gerr specializes in this area of research, did find	d that when
it comes to being the most 4 an	d quickest at
decision-making, older people come 5	
their younger counterparts. In a world whi greatest speed of thought the business env 6 ever known, this is clearly a c	vironment
But Kray also found in other tests that the made the <sup>7</sup> number of errors in for some jobs the older employee may be t	certain tasks, so
suited.	.ne