G adjectives

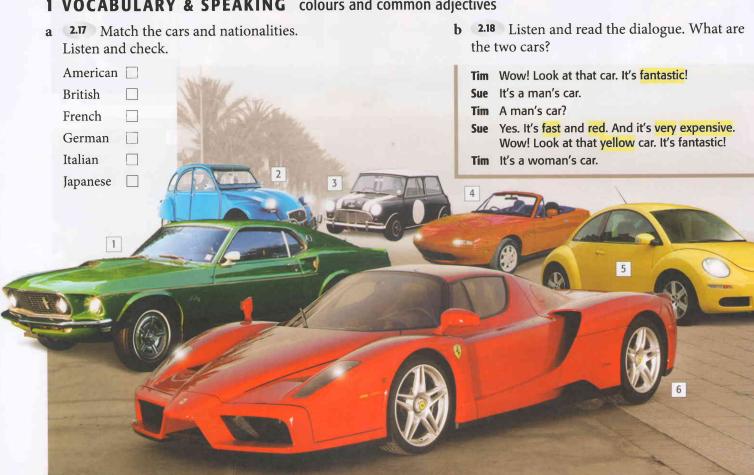
V colours and common adjectives

P/æ/, /ei/, /oi/, and /oi/

It's a fast car.

A man's car or a woman's car?

1 VOCABULARY & SPEAKING colours and common adjectives



- c Look at the highlighted words. Guess their meaning.
- d 2.19 Listen again and repeat the dialogue. Then practise it with a partner.
- e p.106 Vocabulary Bank Adjectives.
- f Look at the photos of the cars 1–6. Practise with a partner.
 - 1 Ask and answer.



- 2 Describe the cars. Use two adjectives. Car 2 is small and cheap.
- 3 A think of a car. B ask questions. Guess the car.



2 GRAMMAR adjectives

- a Circle the right sentence.
 - 1 a The Ferrari is a fast car.
 - b The Ferrari is a car fast.
 - 2 a The 2CV and the VW are smalls cars.
 - b The 2CV and the VW are small cars.
- b p.90 Grammar Bank 2C. Read the rules and do the exercises.
- c p.106 Vocabulary Bank Adjectives. In pairs, look at the pictures and make ten sentences.

It's a big house.	They're blue keys.

3 READING

- * With a partner, decide which four questions you think are important for men and which four are important for women. Write 1–8 in the article.
 - Is it a nice colour?
 Is it fast?
 Is it fast?
 Is it luxurious?
 Is it big?
 Is it 'macho'?
 Is it cheap?
 Is it safe?
- Read the article and check.

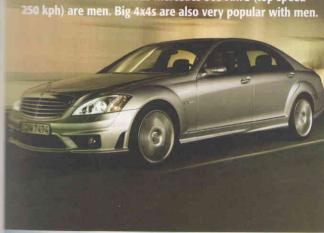
What car? Men and women are different

Important questions for men:

Important questions for women:

Mercedes, BMW, and Audi are very popular with men. 90% of drivers of the luxurious Mercedes S65 AMG (top speed 250 kph) are men. Big 4x4s are also very popular with men.

? ? ? ?

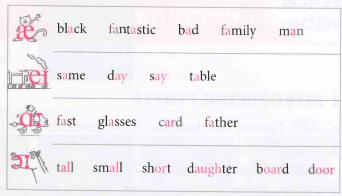


Honda, Hyundai, and Volkswagen are popular with women. 65% of drivers of VW Beetle convertibles are women. Three of the top five women's cars are sports cars (but not very expensive sports cars). Women prefer cars that are small (easy to park) and safe. Colour is also very important.



4 PRONUNCIATION /æ/, /eɪ/, /ɑː/, and /ɔː/

a 2.24 Listen and repeat the words and sounds.



- b 2.25 Listen. Practise the phrases.
 - a black cat
 - a fantastic family
 - the same day
 - fast cars
 - a small ball

5 SPEAKING & WRITING

a Talk in small groups about your car or your family's car.

My car is a Peugeot 207. It's small, it's green, and it's new. It's a very good car.

b Write about your 'dream' car.

My dream car is a ______ (model) It's a / an _____ car. (nationality)

It's ______ (colour) It's _____ and _____ (adjectives)

- c Now tell a partner.
- 6 2.26 SONG \(\bar{D}\) You're beautiful

WORDS AND PHRASES TO LEARN

 \underline{German} (country = $\underline{Germany}$)

French (country = France)

Wow!

Look at that car!

also

important

popular

 \underline{easy} (opposite = difficult)

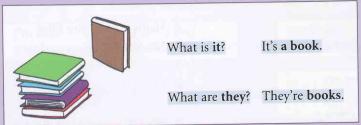
safe (opposite = $\underline{dangerous}$)

with

What's your favourite car?

2A singular and plural nouns; a / an, the

2.3 Listen and repeat the examples. Then read the rules.



Singular	Plural	
1 a book an umbrella a holiday	books umbrellas holidays	+ s
2 a wat ch	watches /IZ/	+ es (words ending ch, sh, s, ss, x)
3 a dictionary	dictiona ries	y' + ies (words ending in consonant + y)

a / an or the?

a/an

What is it? It's a bag. It's an umbrella.

th

Look at the board.

Open the door.

Close the windows.

- Use a / an with singular nouns,
 e.g. a book, an umbrella.
 Use an with words beginning with a vowel (a, e, i, o, u), e.g. an identity card.
- Don't use *a | an* + plural nouns, e.g. *they're books* NOT they're a books.
- Use the + singular or plural nouns, e.g. the door, the windows

2B possessive adjectives; possessive s

2.9 Listen and repeat the examples. Then read the rules.

Possessive adjectives

I'm from Spain.	My name is Ana.
You're English.	Your name is Ben.
He's from Rome.	His name is Marco.
She's Japanese.	Her name is Maki.
It's a parrot.	Its name is Polly.
We're from Brazil.	Our names are Selma and Luis.
You're Polish.	Your names are Marek and Ania.
They're from Mexico.	Their names are Pedro and Maria.
They ie from Mexico.	I II OIL II I

- · your names, our books NOT yours names, ours books
- its = for things or animals, e.g. The Ferrari is a very fast car.

 Its top speed is 250 kph.

2.16 Listen and repeat the examples. Then read the rules.

Possessive s

Miranda is Carrie's friend. This is Jack's car. Ella is Ben's wife. My sister's name is Molly.

• Use 's after a person to talk about family and things, e.g. Ann's brother, Jim's car.

 \triangle Ella is Ben's wife. ('s = possessive s) She's American. Her name's Ella. ('s = is)

2C adjectives

2.23 Listen and repeat the examples. Then read the rules.

A Ferrari is **expensive**. It's a **fast** car. My glasses are **new**. They're **old** men.

- Use adjectives:
 - after the verb be, e.g. A Ferrari is expensive. NOT A Ferrari expensive is.
 - before a noun, e.g. It's a fast car. NOT It's a car fast.
- Adjectives are the same for singular and plural:
 He's an old man. They're old men. NOT They're olds men.
- Adjectives are the same for \circ and \circ , e.g. She's a good girl. He's a good boy.

2A

a Complete the chart.

	Singular	Plural
1	It's a pen.	They're pens
2		They're photos.
3	It's a watch.	
4		They're chairs.
5	It's a dictionary.	
6	It's a credit card.	
7	It's a city.	
8		They're emails.
9	It's a bus.	
10		They're identity cards.

	What is it?		
	It's an umbrella.		U
1		?	
2		? !!!!	3

2B

a Complete with my, your, his, her, its, your, our, or their.

I'm English. My name is William.

- 1 They're from Russia. _____ names are Natasha and Igor.
- 2 A What's _____ name?
 - B I'm David. Nice to meet you.
- 3 He's American. _____ name is Wayne.
- 4 We're Mexican. _____ names are Antonio and Thalia.
- 5 That's their cat. _____ name is Felix.
- 6 _____ name is Tina. She's Brazilian.
- 7 A We're Jane and Mark Kelly.
 - **B** Room 22. This is _____ key.
- 8 I'm Sally, and this is _____ dog, Rover.

b Write the sentences with the names / people.

This is my father's house. This is **his** house. (**my father**)

1 David is her brother. (Angela)

b Write questions and answers.

- 2 This is **his** book. (Antonio)
- 3 Ann is **his** mother. (Mark)
- 4 They're her children. (Sara)
- 5 His car is a Fiat. (my brother)
- 6 Jim is her boyfriend. (Sally)
- 7 This is **his** pen. (**Tim**)
- 8 They're her keys. (my sister)
- c Cover sentences 1-8 and look at the sentences on the right (This is my father's house, etc.). Say sentences 1-8, e.g. This is his house.

2C

a Write sentences with It's or They're.

1 (fantastic) It's a fantastic hotel. 2 (expensive)





3 (orange)

6 (good)

4 (slow)









b Order the words to make sentences.

blue is bag her

Her bag is blue.

- 1 fast a car it's.
- 2 dogs big they're very.
- 3 photo it's terrible a.
- 4 a Maria beautiful is very girl.
- 5 hotel this good a very isn't.
- 6 very their is small house.
- 7 new Mark's is mobile.
- 8 expensive Italian bags are very.

Adjectives

Colours

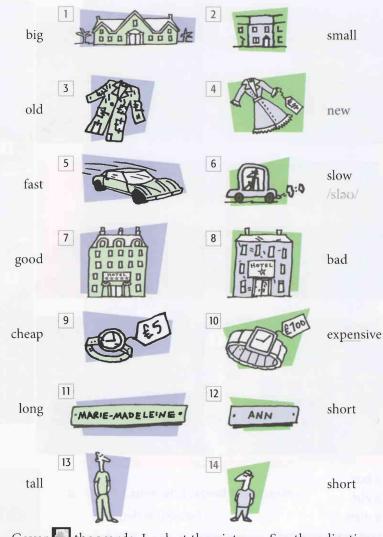
a 2.20 Listen and repeat the words.



b Cover the words. Look at the photos. Say the colours.

Common adjectives

a 2.21 Listen and repeat the words.

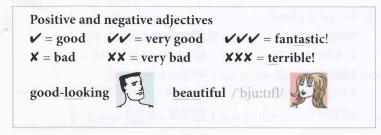


- **b** Cover the words. Look at the pictures. Say the adjectives.
- c Test a partner.

A What's the opposite of new?

B Old. What's the opposite of _____

d 2.22 Listen and repeat the positive and negative adjectives.



p.18