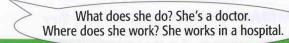


G present simple: *he*, *she*, *it*V jobs and places of work
P 3rd person *s*; word and sentence stress



He speaks English at work

1 GRAMMAR present simple: he, she, it

- a 3.15 Listen to the dialogue. Circle a or b.
 - a Sofia and her husband live in England.
 b Sofia and her husband live in Spain.
 - 2 a Sofia's husband is a teacher.
 - b Sofia's husband is a tourist guide.
 - 3 a They like their jobs.
 - b They don't like their jobs.
- **b** Listen again and read the dialogue. Check your answers.
 - Emily Your English is fantastic. What do you do?
 - **Sofia** I'm a teacher. I teach English at the University here in Madrid.
 - Emily Do you like your job?
 - Sofia Yes, I like it very much.
 - Emily What does your husband do?
 - Sofia He's a tourist guide. He works at the Prado museum.
 - Emily Does he like his job?
 - Sofia Yes, very much. He likes art and history. And he doesn't work in the morning, only in the afternoon.
 - Emily Does he speak English too?
 - Sofia Yes, he does. He speaks it very well. He meets a lot of British and American tourists.
 - Emily Do you speak English together?
 - Sofia Only when we don't want our children to understand!



c **3.16** Listen and repeat the highlighted phrases. How do the verbs change when they talk about Sofia's husband? Complete the chart.

I / you	he / she
What do you do?	What your husband do?
Do you like your job?	he like his job?
Yes, I like it very much.	Yes, he art and history.

d O p.92 Grammar Bank 3C. Read the rules and do the exercises.

2 PRONUNCIATION 3rd person s

a 3.18 Listen and repeat the words and sounds.

	does	has	lives	listens	reads
S.	likes	speaks	works	eats	drinks
/1Z/	finishes	watches	teaches		

b 3.19 Listen. Say the sentences in the 3rd person singular.

'I like art. He...' He likes art.



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VOCABULARY

obs and places of work

- Can you remember? What does Sofia do? What does her husband do?
- Op.109 Vocabulary Bank Jobs and places of work.
- sk five other students What do you do?

PRONUNCIATION nord and sentence stress

Noru and sentence stress

- Underline the stressed syllable(s).
 - ∎ ₂ teacher
 - 2 a doctor
 - 3 a waiter
 - 2 factory worker
 - 5 an administrator
 - a policeman
 - shop assistant
 - 2 lawyer

Listen and check. How is the final

Listen and repeat. Copy the

Spes a <u>nurse</u>. She <u>works</u> in a <u>hospital</u>. Does he <u>work</u> in a <u>shop</u>? <u>Yes</u>, he <u>does</u>. Is he a <u>shop assistant</u>? <u>Yes</u>, he <u>is</u>.

5 SPEAKING & WRITING

Think of two people you know who have
 Ask and answer with a partner.

What / do?

Where / work? / speak English at work? / like his/her job?

Person number one is my mother.

What does she do?

Intrite about the two people.

mother is a nurse. She works
 the Hospital Universitário in São Paulo.
 the doesn't speak English at work.
 the kes her job.

6 READING

a Is English important for these jobs in your town / city? Write 1–5 in the boxes (1 = English is not important, 5 = English is very important).

a waiter 🗌 a doctor 🗌 a taxi driver 🗌 a policeman 🗌 a teacher 🗌 a lawyer 🗋

- **b** Read the text. Then answer the questions.
 - 1 What do the banker, the waiter, and the factory worker have in common?
 - 2 What does Jean-Paul do?
 - 3 Where does he work?
 - 4 What languages does he speak?
 - 5 What language does he speak at work? Is this a problem for him?

English at work

What do these people have in common – a banker in Mexico City, a waiter in a five-star hotel in Moscow, and a worker in the Hitachi electronics factory in Tokyo? They all speak English at work. Today, English is the common language in multinational companies in countries from France to Singapore.

Jean-Paul Piat works for an IT company in Paris. Every day he has meetings with other managers in English. He also reads documents and writes emails in English, and speaks on the phone in English to offices in other countries.

'We're a multinational company with offices all over the world,' says Jean-Paul. 'We also have some people in our Paris office who aren't French. We need a common language to communicate, and that language is English. I think it is a good idea, but some people don't like speaking English in a meeting when nearly everybody is French.'



- c Look at the highlighted words and phrases. Guess their meaning. Check with your teacher or a dictionary.
- d Is English important for your job?

WORDS AND PHRASES TO LEARN

What do you do? I'm a *doctor*. Where do you work? I work *in a hospital*. I like it very much. He speaks *English* very well. only speak on the phone all over the world

2



3A	present simple: I and you +, -, and ?	
3.3	Listen and repeat the examples. Then read the rules.	

+	
I live in the city centre.	
You live near here.	
I don't live in the city centre. You don't live near here.	(don't = do not)
Tou don't ante see	

- Present simple + is the same for *I* and *you*.
- Present simple for *I / you = don't* + verb;
 - e.g. I don't live in the city centre. NOT I not live in the city centre.

-

present simple: we, you, they +, -, and ? **3**B

3.10 Listen and repeat the examples. Then read the rule.

-		

We have coffee for breakfast. You have rice for lunch. They have fish for dinner.

We don't have tea for breakfast. You don't have pasta for lunch. They don't have meat for dinner.

2	V	×
Do you have coffee?	Yes, we do.	No, we don't.
Do they have tea?		No, they don't.
Do they have tear		

X

No, I don't.

V

e.g. Do you live near here? NOT Live you near here?

Do you live near here? Yes, I do.

• Present simple ? = Do + I / you + verb,

Do you live here? Yes, I do. NOT Yes, I live.

+ imperative = Wait! Stand up. Listen, etc.

 \Box imperative = Don't + verb, e.g. Don't worry.

Don't be late, etc.

?

A Imperatives

Present simple +, -, and ? is the same for *I*, you, we, you (plural), and they.

present simple: he, she, it +, -, and ? **3C**

(3.17) Listen and repeat the examples. Then read the rules.

Listen and rej		7	V	X	
+		Do I work?	Yes, I do.	No, I don't.	
I work.	I don't work.	Do you work?	Yes, I do.	No, I don't.	
You work.	You don't work. He doesn't work.	Does he work?	Yes, he does.	No, he doesn't.	
He works.	She doesn't work.	Does she work?	Yes, she does.	No, she doesn't.	(doesn't = does not)
She works.	It doesn't work.	Does it work?	Yes, it does.	No, it doesn't.	
It works.	We don't work.	Do we work?	Yes, we do.	No, we don't.	
We work.	You don't work.	Do you work?	Yes, you do.	No, you don't.	
You work. They work.	They don't work.	Do they work?	Yes, they do.	No, they don't.	
THEY WOLK.	They don't have				

• Present simple he / she / it = verb + s

- Present simple *he / she / it* = *doesn't* + verb
- Present simple he / she / it [?] = Does + he / she / it + verb

Spelling rules 3rd person s

I work in an office.	He works in an office. + s
I live in Spain.	He lives in Spain.
I watch CNN.	She watches CNN. $+ es$ (words ending <i>ch</i> , <i>sh</i> , <i>ss</i> , <i>x</i>)
I finish work at 8.00.	The film finish es at 8.00.
I IIIIoii Work at sist	He studies history. $y' + ies$ (words ending in consonant + y)
I study history.	The studies metery "

Spelling rules for 3rd person s are the same as for plurals.

A Irregular	I have	he / she / it has /hæz/
	I do	he / she / it does /drz/
	I go	he she it goes gəʊz/

3A

a Complete with <i>do</i> or <i>don't</i> .	b Order the words to make sentences or questions.				
I <u>don't</u> live here. I live in the city centre.	umbrella have do you an? <u>Do you have an umbrella?</u>				
1 A you have children? B No, I	1 like I football don't.				
2 I like this photo. It's terrible.	2 magazine want you a do?				
3 A you want a coffee?	3 a house I small live in.				
B No, thanks. I drink coffee.	4 English you do study?				
4 I have brothers and sisters. I'm an only child.	5 sisters two have I.				
5 A Excuse me, you work here?	6 don't British want a I car.				
B No, I Sorry.	7 here you near do live?				
6 A Do you like my coat? B Yes, I It's fantastic.	8 a don't I phone mobile have.				

3B

a	Write sentences.	bC	Complet
	have tea for breakfast (They +) <u>They have tea for breakfast</u> .	-	drink
	1 want coffee or tea (you ?)		read r
	2 have cereal for breakfast (They –)		We <u>live</u>
	3 like chocolate (you ?)	1	We
	4 eat a lot of rice in Japan (We +)	2	My hus
	5 drink coffee in the evening (you ?)	3	breakfa
	6 like Chinese food (We -)	U	My sist
	7 have salad for lunch (They +)		People
	8 drink tea in Russia (they ?)	6	•
		7	They city.
		8	

• Complete the sentences with a verb from the list.

 drink have like not listen live

 read not speak watch work

 We live in a big house in Oxford.

 We ______ to the radio in the morning.

 My husband and I ______ cereal and coffee for breakfast.

 ______ your children ______ TV at dinner time?

 My sisters ______ Spanish or Italian.

 People in Italy ______ a lot of coffee.

 ______ you _____ on Saturdays?

- 7 They _____ New York. They think it's a fantastic city.
- 8 _____ you _____ newspapers and magazines in English?

3C

a Rewrite the sentences. I live in a flat. She lives in a flat 1 They read magazines. He 2 I teach small children. My sister _ he 3 Do you speak English? 4 I don't eat fish. My brother 5 Do you like cats? _____ she 6 I have two brothers. Andrew 7 We don't watch TV. My mother 8 I study French at school. Simon

b Put the verb in (brackets) in the right form.

They <u>don't live</u> near here. (not live)

- 1 She ______ to Radio 1. (listen)
- 2 _____ you ____ meat? (eat)
- 3 Where ______ she ____? (live)

\$

- 4 My husband _____ big cars. (not like)
- 5 What _____ for breakfast? (have)
- 6 He _____ TV at the weekend. (watch)
- 7 _____ he _____ tea or coffee? (want)
- 8 The restaurant ______ at the weekend. (not open)

Jobs and places of work

VOCABULARY BANK

What do they do?

a 3.20 Listen and repeat the words.

7







a nurse



a shop assistant



a waiter (a waitress)

b Cover the words. Ask and answer in pairs.

What does he do?

He's a teacher. What does she do?

- c 3.21 Listen and repeat the sentences.
 - He works for Microsoft. He's at school. She's at university. She studies economics. He doesn't have a job. She's retired. /ri'taiod/
- d What do you do?



an administrator



a lawyer

/lorja/



a policeman

(a policewoman)



a factory worker

a student /'stju:dnt/

Where do they work?

3.22 Listen and repeat the phrases. a



in the street



in a hospital



in a shop











in a factory

at home

- **b** Cover 💭 the phrases. Look at the photos. Say the phrases.
- c Ask and answer with a partner.

In a hospital.

Where does a doctor work?

d Where do you work?

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