- G verb be and ?
- V countries and nationalities, numbers 20-1,000
- P vowel sounds

Where are you from? I'm Irish. I'm from Dublin.

I'm not English, I'm Scottish!

1 VOCABULARY countries and nationalities

in English? a How do you say your country your language two countries near you

b O p.141 Vocabulary Bank Countries and nationalities.

1.10 Where's the stress? Listen and underline the stressed syllable. Listen and repeat.

Japan Japanese German Germany China Chinese Italian Italy American the United States Russian Russia

d In pairs, do the quiz.

The World Quiz

Where are these cities?

- a Kraków
 - b Glasgow
 - c Boston
 - d Shanghai
 - e Bangkok

Bom dia!

1.11) What languages are these?

Where's this music from?

2 LISTENING & SPEAKING

1.13 Listen and number the pictures 1–4.









- b Listen again and complete the dialogues.
 - 1 A Are you _
 - . I'm from Edinburgh. B No, I'm _____
 - 2 A Where are you from?
 - B We're from
 - A Are you on holiday?
 - B No, we aren't. We're on business.
 - 3 A Where's she from? Is she ___
 - B No, she isn't. She's _____. She's from Buenos Aires.
 - 4 A Mmm, delicious. Is it ____
 - B No, it isn't. It's
- c Repeat the dialogues. Copy the rhythm.
- d In pairs, look at the pictures. Roleplay the dialogues.

3 GRAMMAR verb be - and ?

a Complete the chart.

Question	Short answer	Negative
you English?	No, I	I English.
they from Spain? she Portuguese?	Yes, they	She Portuguese.
he on business?	Yes, he	

b p.122 Grammar Bank 1B. Read the rules and do the exercises.

4 PRONUNCIATION vowel sounds

a 1.14 Listen and repeat the words and sounds.

dr	. D:		e	903	ea
car	clock	computer	egg	phone	chair

- b Match the sentences and pictures. Write the sound words.
 - 1 Where's he from? _____ chair
 - 2 Ben's French.
 - 3 I'm not Scottish.
 - 4 I'm American.
 - 5 Are you from France?
 - 6 No, I'm Polish.
- c 1.15 Listen and check.
- d Repeat the sentences.

5 SPEAKING

a Ask other students.

Where are you from? I'm Italian. I'm from Siena.

b In pairs, ask about the people and things in the pictures.



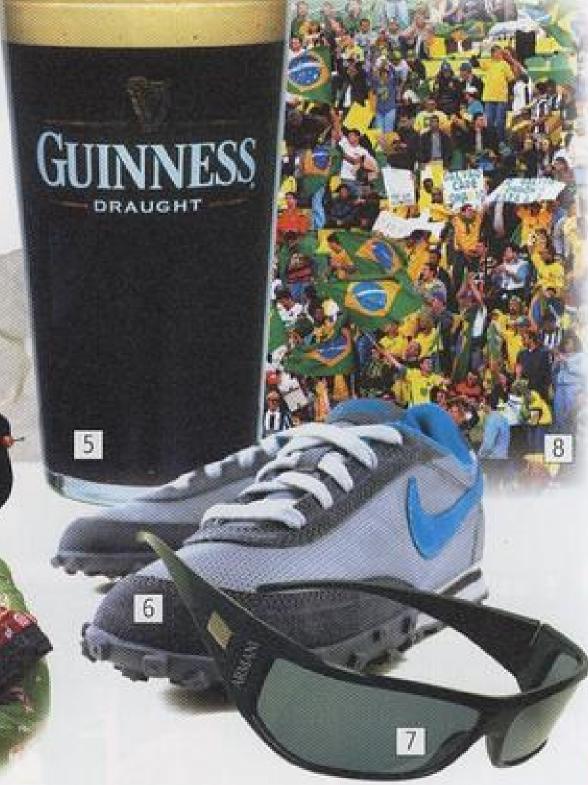
6 VOCABULARY numbers 20-1,000



- a 1.16 Listen. How do you say 77 and 0 in phone numbers?
- b Ask three students for their phone numbers.
- c Do part 2.
 c p.140 Vocabulary Bank Numbers.
- d 1.17 Listen and repeat the pairs of numbers. What's the difference?

1 a 13 b 30 2 a 14 b 40 3 a 15 b 50 4 a 16 b 60 5 a 17 b 70 6 a 18 b 80 7 a 19 b 90

- e 1.18 Which number do you hear? Listen and circle a or b above.
- f Play Bingo.



1A present tense verb be [+]

Full form	Contraction
I am your teacher.	I'm your teacher.
You are in room 13.	You're in room 13.
He is James.	He's James.
She is Marta.	She's Marta.
It is a school.	It's a school.
We are students.	We're students.
You are in Class 2.	You're in Class 2.
They are teachers.	They're teachers.

- Use capital I. I'm your teacher. NOT i'm.
- you = singular and plural.
- · Use he for a man, she for a woman, and it for a thing.
- · Use they for people and things.
- In contractions '= a missing letter, e.g. 'm=am.
- · Use contractions in conversation.

1B present tense verb be - and ?



Full form	Contraction	
I am not	I'm not	
You are not	You aren't	Italian.
He / She / It is not	He / She / It isn't	Spanish.
We are not	We aren't	British.
You are not	You aren't	
They are not	They aren't	

- Put not after the verb to make negatives —.
- You can also contract are not and is not like this: You are not Italian. — You're not Italian.
 She is not Polish. — She's not Polish.

7		V		×	
Am I Are you Is he / she / it Are we Are you Are they	German? Russian? Polish?		I am. you are. he / she /it is. we are. you are. they are.	No,	I'm not. you aren't. he / she / it isn't. we aren't. you aren't. they aren't.

In questions, put be before you, he, etc.
 Are you Spanish? NOT You are Spanish?
 Where are you from? NOT Where you are from?
 Don't use contractions in ✓ short answers.
 Are you Scottish? Yes, I am. NOT Yes, I'm.

1C possessive adjectives: my, your, etc.

I'm Italian.
You're in level 1.
He's the director.
She's your teacher.
It's a school.
We're an international school.
They're new students.

My family are from Rome.

This is **your** classroom. **His** name is Michael.

Her name is Tina.

Its name is Queen's School.

Our students are from many different countries.
Their names are David and Emma.

- his = of a man, her = of a woman, its = of a thing.
- · their = of men, women, or things.
- Possessive adjectives don't change with plural nouns.

our students NOT ours students

A

Be careful with it's and its.

it's = it is

It's a school.

its = possessive

Its name is...

1D articles: a / an, the, plurals, this / that / these / those

a / an (indefinite article)

It's	a	bag. pen.
It s	an	identity card. umbrella.

- Use a / an with a singular noun.
- Use an with a noun beginning with a vowel (a, e, i, o, u).

the (definite article)

Open Close	the	door. windows.

- Use the when we know which (door, windows).
 Open the door.
 NOT Open a door.
- Use the with singular and plural nouns.

plurals

Singular	Plural	Spelling
a book a key	books keys	add -s
a watch a box	watches boxes	add -es after ch, sh, s, x
a country a dictionary	countries dictionaries	consonant $+ y > ies$

- Add -s to make plural nouns.
 It's a pen.
 They're pens.
- Don't use a / an
 with plural nouns.
 They're keys.
 NOT They're a keys.

this / that / these / those

What's this? It's a lighter.
That car is Italian.
These watches are Japanese.
What are those? They're tables.

- Use this / these for things near you.
- Use that / those for things far away.
- this / that = singular, these / those = plural.

110
- 64
100

a	C	Complete with am	is, or are.
		I am French.	
	1	My surname	_ López.
	2	We from N	ladrid.
	3	I Anna.	
	4	Antonio and Juan	in room 7.
	5	The teacher	English.
	6	You in Clas	ss 3.
	7	She a stude	ent.

b Write the sentences with contractions.

	I am from Italy.	I'm from Italy.
1	It is a nice school.	
2	We are in Class 2.	
3	You are in room 6.	
4	He is Paulo.	THE SUPPLIE
5	They are students.	La Manuel India
6	She is the teacher.	
7	I am fine.	

1B

a	Write the sentences in the negative.					
		She's American. She isn't American				
	1	I'm British.				
	2	They're Brazilian.				
	3	It's Mexican food.				
	4	She's Italian.				
	5	We're from England.				
	6	You're Japanese.				
	7	He's from the USA.				

b Make questions and short answers.

/ you Spanish?	_Are you Spanish?		V	Yes, I am.
1 / I in room 13?		_?	V	
2 / it German?		?	X	
3 / they from Italy?		_?	X	
4 / we in Class 2?		?	V	
5 / she Chinese?		_?	V	
6 / you Irish?		_?	X	DEFENDE
7 / he from Scotland?		3	X	

10

a Complete the sentences with a possessive adjective.

My name's Stephen.

1 Angela, please turn off _____ mobile phone.

2 The students are from Italy. ____ names are Susanna and Tito.

3 London is famous for ____ red buses.

4 She's French, but ____ mother is English.

4 She's French, but _____ mother is English.
5 We're in Class 3. ____ teacher is Bob.

6 _____ name is Ian. He's from Scotland.
7 I'm Mike. ____ family are from Dublin.

b Write the questions.

you how are ? How are you?

1 his what's name ?

2 German mother is her?

3 from your are where parents?

4 surname Zablowski is your ?

5 spell do how your name you ?

1D

a Complete with a or an. Write the plural.

	sin	gular	plural		
	а	file	files		
1	_	. bag			
2	_	country			
3		identity card			
4		watch			
5		e-mail			
6		sandwich			
7		key			
8		umbrella			

b Complete the dialogues with this, these, that, or those.



Teacher What's _____, Tim?

Tim It's a mobile.

Teacher And what are _____, Tim?

Tim They're magazines.

Teacher Give them to me.

Man	What's	?	
Woman	It's a cat.		TENT
Man	Who are	boys?	
Woman	They're your	students. Put	your glasses on!



Numbers

1 Numbers 1-20

Match the words with the numbers.

twelve eigh <u>teen</u>	twenty five	e <u>le</u> ven fif <u>teen</u>	three seven	
1 one				
2 two				
3 three				
4 four				
5				
6 six				
7	ERM			
8 eight	/eɪt/			
9 nine				
l0 ten				
	_ /i'levn	/		
12				
13 thirtee	<u>en</u> /θ3:'ti	:n/		
4 four <u>te</u>	<u>en</u>			
15				
l6 six <u>tee</u>	n			
17 sevent	<u>een</u>	1	0	
18	-	4	0	
9 nine <u>te</u>	en			
20				0
p.5				

2 Numbers 20-1,000

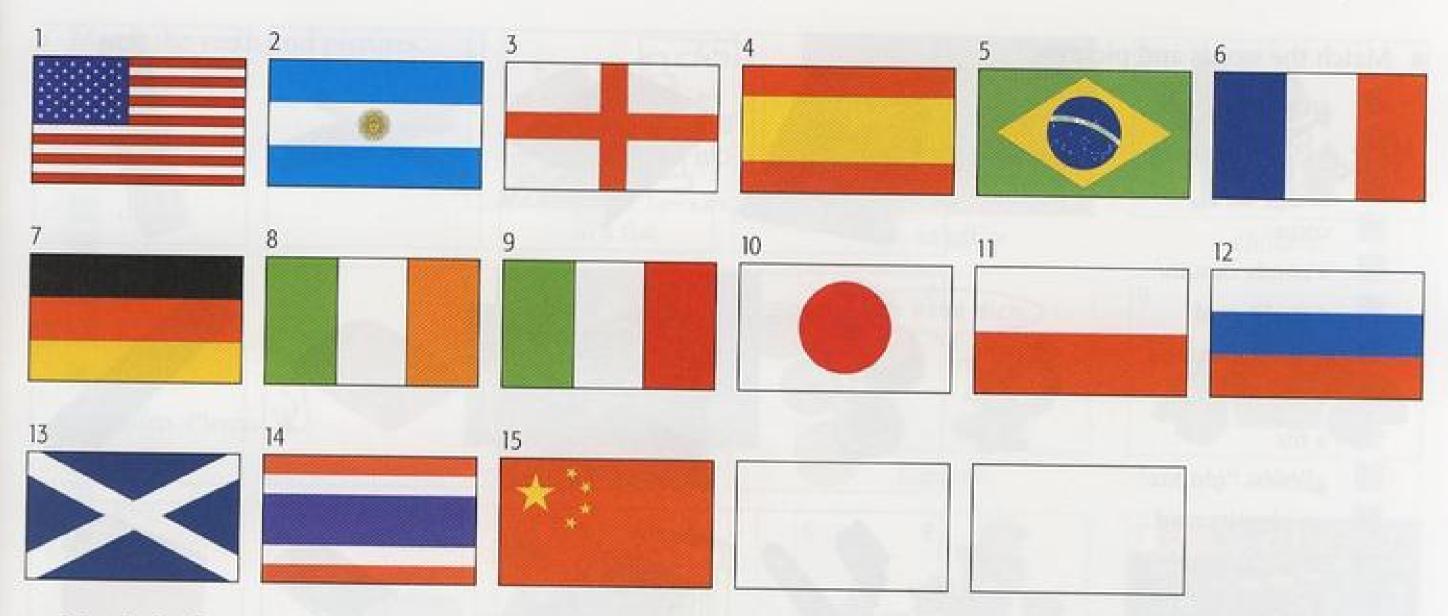
Write the numbers.

30 thirty /'03:ti/ thirty-one <u>forty</u> forty-seven fifty fifty-nine sixty sixty-three seventy. seventy-two eighty eighty-six ninety ninety-four a / one hundred /ə 'hʌndrəd/ two hundred and fifty

a / one thousand /ə 'θauzənd/

O p.7

783 120 499 55 34 42 977



a Match the flags with the countries. Write the number in the box.

Country	Nationality	Language
	-ish	
England	English	English
Ireland /'arələnd/	<u>I</u> rish	English / Irish Gaeli
<u>Po</u> land	<u>Po</u> lish	Polish
Scotland	<u>Scot</u> tish	English
Spain	<u>Spa</u> nish	<u>Spa</u> nish
	-an	Maria de la contra del la contra del la contra del la contra del la contra de la contra de la contra del l
Germany /'d33:məni/	<u>Ger</u> man	German
the United States (the USA)	A <u>me</u> rican	English
	-ian	
Argen <u>ti</u> na	Argen <u>ti</u> nian	Spanish
Brazil	Bra <u>zil</u> ian	Portuguese
<u>I</u> taly	I <u>ta</u> lian	I <u>ta</u> lian
Russia /¹r∧∫ə/	Russian	Russian
	-ese	
<u>Chi</u> na	Chinese	Chinese
Ja <u>pan</u> /dʒəˈpæn/	Japa <u>nese</u>	Japa <u>nese</u>
France /fra:ns/	French	French
	Thai	Thai

- b Add two more countries. Draw the flags.
- c Cover the words and look at the flags. Can you remember the countries, nationalities, and languages?
 - Use CAPITAL letters for countries, nationalities, and languages.
 - (Great) Britain = England, Scotland, and Wales
 - the United Kingdom (the UK) = England, Scotland, Wales, and Northern Ireland

O p.6