On the last Wednesday in August

1 READING

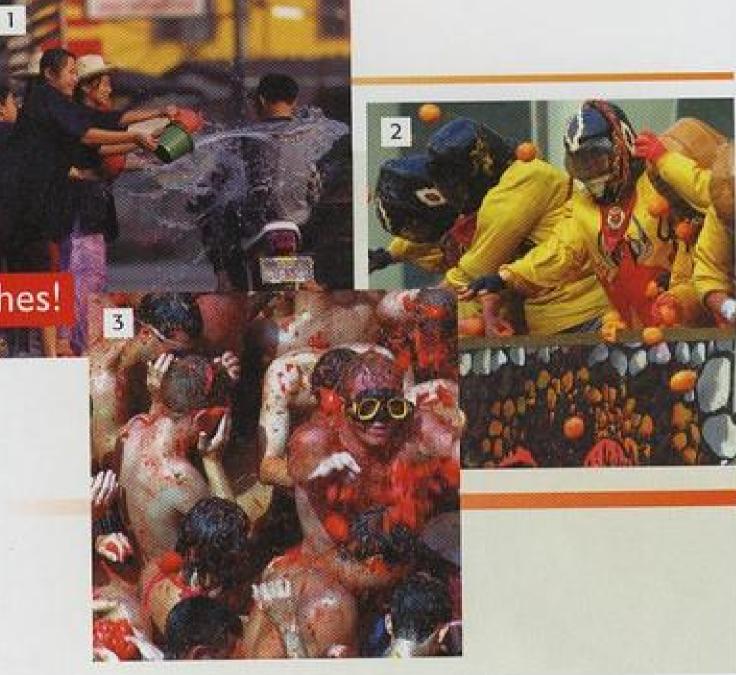
a Read the magazine extracts. Match the photos with the festivals.

Fascinating festivals

...but if you go, don't wear new clothes!

- The Tomatina festival takes place on the last Wednesday in August in Buñol, Spain.

 The 'tomato battle' starts at 11 o'clock in the morning, and continues for two hours. During the Tomatina 35,000 people throw 125,000 kilos of tomatoes!
- In January (the exact date changes every year)
 you can go to Ivrea in Italy and take part in the
 Carnevale d'Ivrea, where people throw oranges
 at each other. If you don't want people to throw an
 orange at you, you have to wear a red hat!
- Thailand has a Water Festival (Songkran)
 every April to celebrate the New Year. It starts on
 13th April and lasts for two days. People throw
 water at each other all day and also at night.
- b Read the extracts again. Then cover them and look at the pictures. In pairs, ask and answer about the festivals.
 - 1 Where is it?
 - 2 When is it?
 - 3 What do people throw?
- c Which festival would you like to go to?
- 2 VOCABULARY the date
- a O p.148 Vocabulary Bank Times and dates. Do part 2.
- b Think of three famous festivals in your country. Where / When are they?

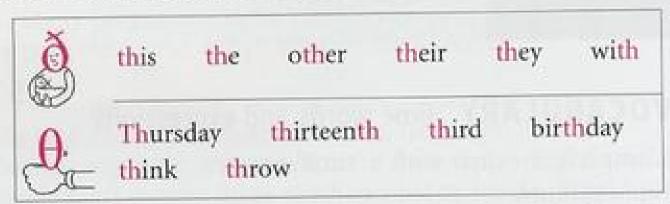


3 PRONUNCIATION word stress, /ð/ and /θ/

a 3.12 Listen and repeat the months. Which five have the stress on the second syllable?

JANUARY APRIL JULY OCTOBER
FEBRUARY MAY AUGUST NOVEMBER
MARCH JUNE SEPTEMBER DECEMBER

b (3.13) th can be pronounced in two different ways. Listen and repeat the words.



c 3.14 Listen and repeat the dates. Copy the rhythm.

Thur. 13 Thursday the thirteenth

12/5 the twelfth of May

23/9 the twenty-third of September

15/4/1999 the fifteenth of April, nineteen ninety-nine

30/1/2008 the thirtieth of January, two thousand and eight

d Ask other students When's your birthday? Does anybody have the same (or nearly the same) birthday as you?



4 GRAMMAR prepositions of time

- a Can you remember? In pairs, complete the sentences with in, on, or at. Check with the festival texts.
 - 1 The 'tomato battle' starts _____ 11 o'clock ___ the morning.
 - 2 _____ January you can go to the Carnevale d'Ivrea.
 - 3 The Thai Water Festival starts _____ April the 13th.
 - 4 People throw water at each other all day and also might.
- b O p.126 Grammar Bank 3D. Read the rules and do the exercises.
- c Communication When...? A p.108 B p.111.
 In pairs, ask and answer the questions. Answer with a preposition + a time word.

				-
When	do	you	usually	read?

I read at night, in bed.

5 READING & LISTENING

- a Read the article. Complete Carla's answers with sentences A-E.
 - A Because it's the middle of the year not the beginning or the end.
 - B Especially Christmas!
 - C Because I love my first coffee.
 - D Because I love the colours and the leaves flying in the wind.
 - E Because I have the week in front of me.

- b 3.15 You're going to listen to two other people talk about their favourite times. First listen to these sentences. What do the highlighted words mean?
 - 1 I can start to relax and enjoy the evening.
 - 2 My family live very far away .
 - 3 I get up early and feel full of energy.
 - 4 In winter it's a nice temperature and it's when I feel comfortable.
- c 3.16 Listen to the interviews. Complete the chart.

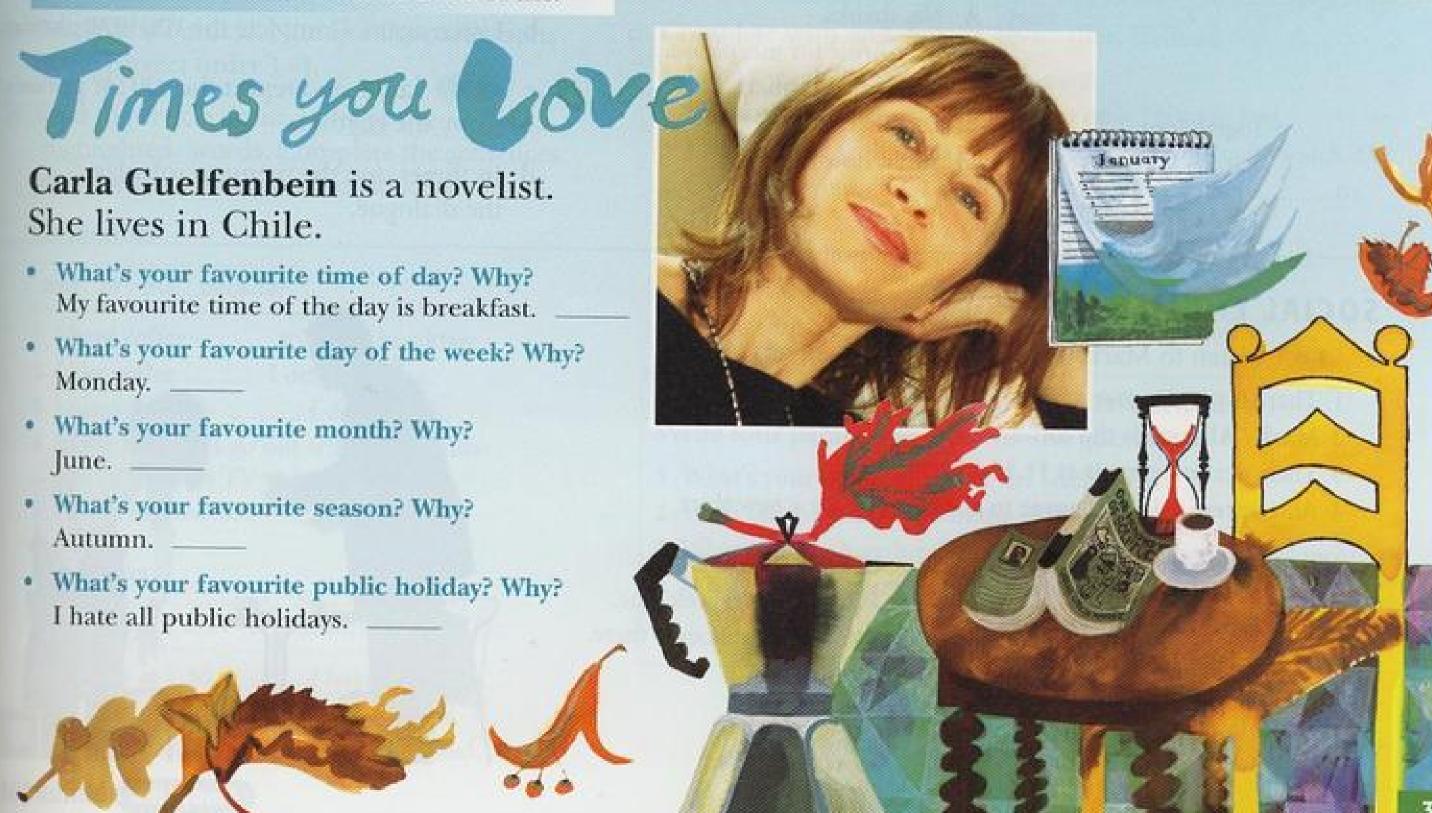
What's your favourite?	Cristina, a sports coach from Spain	Udom, a manager from Thailand
1 time of day	10 p.m.	
2 day of the week		
3 month		
4 season	Таанан	
5 public holiday		

d Listen again. Why are these their favourite times?

6 SPEAKING

In pairs, ask and answer the questions in *Times you love*.

What's your favourite time of day? Why?



3A adjectives

It's a big house. They're pretty flowers.

- Adjectives go before a noun. NOT It's a house big.
- · Adjectives don't change before a plural noun. NOT They're prettys flowers.

3B telling the time

What's the time?



lt's seven o'clock.



It's half past nine.



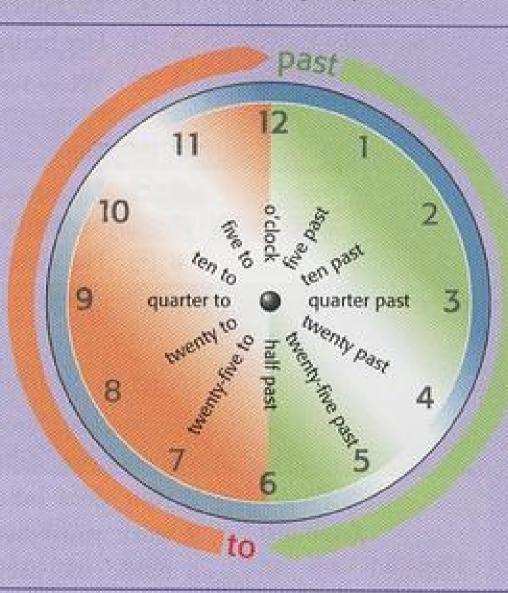
It's quarter to two.



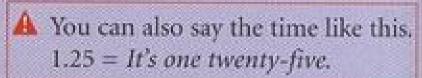
It's twenty-five past one.



It's twenty to four.



- Use It's + time to say what time it is.
- · You can ask What's the time? or What time is it?
- Use at + time to say when you do something.
 - A What time do you get up?
 - B I get up at half past seven.



3C adverbs of frequency

I always have toast for breakfast. Do you usually go to work by bus? She doesn't often go to bed late. They're sometimes late. She hardly ever watches TV. He is never stressed.

- · Use adverbs of frequency to answer the question How often...?
- Adverbs of frequency go | before all verbs (except be). after be.

A Use a + verb with never and hardly ever. He never smokes. NOT He doesn't never smoke.

3D prepositions of time

in

the morning the afternoon the evening December the summer 1998

on

Monday (morning) the 12th of July my birthday

three o'clock midday / midnight lunchtime night the weekend Christmas / Easter / New Year

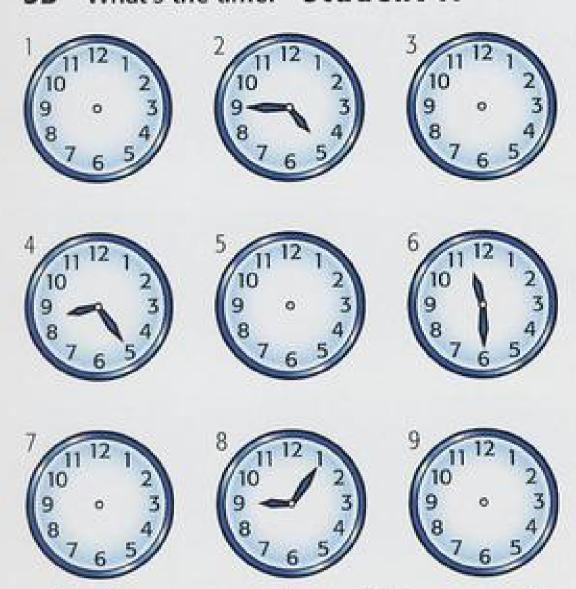
- Use in for parts of the day, months, seasons, and years.
- · Use on for days and dates.
- · Use at for times of the day, night, the weekend, and festivals.

ж.					
м	-	F		ø	ь.
	и	Œ.	ъ	г	٠.
	я	в	ч	ш	а

a <u>Underline</u> the adjectives in these She's a <u>beautiful</u> actress.	sentences. b Are the highlighted phrases right (✔) or wrong (✗)? Correct the wrong phrases.
1 Hi. I'm Carla. Nice to meet you.	She has hair red . X She has red hair.
2 Do you like Japanese food?	1 Do you like fast cars?
3 It's an international school.	
4 They're a typical British family.	2 They're French girls .
5 My father makes fantastic pasta.	3 I have a family big .
6 Do you work with other people?	4 He's an English actor.
7 I'm a professional footballer.	5 They're news boots.
8 We're good friends.	6 It's a flat expensive .
3B	
What's the time? Match the times	with the checks
Tele acceptance to the	with the clocks.
It's quarter to sixg_	
1 It's five past two.	
2 It's quarter past four.	b (2) f (2)
3 It's ten to three.	
4 It's twenty-five to five.	c (<) g ()
5 It's seven o'clock.	
6 It's twenty past one.	d (h
a Complete the sentences with an accomplete the sentences with an accomplete always hardly ever some They never drive – they don't have a light of the light of t	always she at six up gets She always gets up at six. I for late always I am class I meet ever hardly we I that the control of the control
a Complete the sentences with an accomplete the sentences with an accomplete always hardly ever some always hardly ever some and the sentences with an accomplete always hardly ever some always hardl	always she at six up gets She always gets up at six. I for late always I am class 2 meet ever hardly we at Christmas. 3 what work you usually time do finish? 4 morning in the hungry I am never 5 often I read don't the newspaper 6 restaurants sometimes expensive to go we
a Complete the sentences with an accomplete the sentences with an accomplete always hardly ever some always hardly ever some and the series of the series and the series and the series and the series are at the series and the series are at the ser	always she at six up gets She always gets up at six. I for late always I am class I meet ever hardly we I meet ever hardly we I morning in the hungry I am never I morning in the hungry I am never I morning in the newspaper I morning in
a Complete the sentences with an accomplete the sentences with an accomplete always hardly ever some always hardly ever some and the sentences with an accomplete always hardly ever some always hardl	always she at six up gets She always gets up at six. I for late always I am class met Christmas. arian. late. b Complete with in, on, or at and a time expression. always she at six up gets She always gets up at six. I for late always I am class meet ever hardly we 3 what work you usually time do finish? 4 morning in the hungry I am never 5 often I read don't the newspaper 6 restaurants sometimes expensive to go we 7 wine good usually very is this
a Complete the sentences with an accomplete the sentences with an accomplete always hardly ever some always hardly ever some and a series of the sentences with an accomplete the sentences with a sentence and accomplete the sentences with a sentence with a senten	always she at six up gets She always gets up at six. I for late always I am class The a car. It Christmas. I for late always I am class I meet ever hardly we I was a what work you usually time do finish? I morning in the hungry I am never I morning in the hungry I am never I often I read don't the newspaper I restaurants sometimes expensive to go we I wine good usually very is this I complete with in, on, or at and a time expression. I five o'clock July 4th Christmas Sundays
a Complete the sentences with an accomplete the sentences with an accomplete always hardly ever some a	always she at six up gets She always gets up at six. I for late always I am class met Christmas. arian. late. b Complete with in, on, or at and a time expression. always she at six up gets She always gets up at six. I for late always I am class meet ever hardly we 3 what work you usually time do finish? 4 morning in the hungry I am never 5 often I read don't the newspaper 6 restaurants sometimes expensive to go we 7 wine good usually very is this
a Complete the sentences with an accomplete the sentences with an accomplete always hardly ever some a	always she at six up gets She always gets up at six. I for late always I am class 2 meet ever hardly we at Christmas. arian. late. b Complete with in, on, or at and a time expression. b Complete with in, on, or at and a time expression. five o'clock July 4th Christmas Sundays the summer midnight the afternoon nine o'clock
a Complete the sentences with an accomplete the sentences with an accomplete the sentences with an accomplete always hardly ever some and the sentences with an accomplete device and the sentences with an accomplete with a sentences of the sentences of the sentences with an accomplete with a sentences of the sentences with an accomplete with a sentences of the sentences of the sentences with an accomplete with a sentences of the	always she at six up gets She always gets up at six. 1 for late always I am class 2 meet ever hardly we at Christmas. 3 what work you usually time do finish? 4 morning in the hungry I am never late. 5 often I read don't the newspaper weekends. 6 restaurants sometimes expensive to go we go swimming. 7 wine good usually very is this b Complete with in, on, or at and a time expression. five o'clock July 4th Christmas Sundays the summer midnight the afternoon nine-o'clock In the UK people usually start work at nine o'clock.
a Complete the sentences with an accomplete the sentences with an accomplete always hardly ever some always hardly ever some area. They never drive – they don't have a life of the property of the complete area. She's a veget at the doesn't have a watch so he's and a lot of exercise but I area. SD Complete with in, on, or at. on July 9th 1 6.30 2 the evening 3 the weekend 4 the lst of January 5 the winter	always she at six up gets She always gets up at six. 1 for late always I am class 2 meet ever hardly we at Christmas. 3 what work you usually time do finish? 4 morning in the hungry I am never be a car. 5 often I read don't the newspaper weekends. 6 restaurants sometimes expensive to go we 7 wine good usually very is this b Complete with in, on, or at and a time expression. five o'clock July 4th Christmas Sundays the summer midnight the afternoon nine-o'clock In the UK people usually start work at nine o'clock 1 On December 31st many people drink champagne
a Complete the sentences with an accomplete the sentences with an accomplete always hardly ever some always hardly ever some are always are alway	always she at six up gets She always gets up at six. 1 for late always I am class 2 meet ever hardly we at Christmas. 3 what work you usually time do finish? 4 morning in the hungry I am never late. 5 often I read don't the newspaper weekends. 6 restaurants sometimes expensive to go we go swimming. 7 wine good usually very is this b Complete with in, on, or at and a time expression. five o'clock July 4th Christmas Sundays the summer midnight the afternoon nine o'clock In the UK people usually start work at nine o'clock 1 On December 31st many people drink champagne 2 In the USA they celebrate Independence Day 1 for late always I am class 2 meet ever hardly we 3 what work you usually time do finish? 4 morning in the hungry I am never 5 often I read don't the newspaper 6 restaurants sometimes expensive to go we 7 wine good usually very is this
a Complete the sentences with an accomplete the sentences with an accomplete always hardly ever some always hardly ever some and the sentences with an accomplete always hardly ever some and the sentence of	always she at six up gets She always gets up at six. 1 for late always I am class 2 meet ever hardly we 2 the Christmas. 3 what work you usually time do finish? 4 morning in the hungry I am never 5 often I read don't the newspaper weekends. 6 restaurants sometimes expensive to go we go swimming. 7 wine good usually very is this b Complete with in, on, or at and a time expression. five o'clock July 4th Christmas Sundays the summer midnight the afternoon nine-o'clock In the UK people usually start work at nine o'clock. 1 On December 31st many people drink champagne 2 In the USA they celebrate Independence Day 3 Many people all over the world give presents
a Complete the sentences with an accommerce always hardly ever some They never drive – they don't have a life of the property of the sentences with an accommendation of the property of the weekend of the life of January of the winter of the property of the winter of the property of the	always she at six up gets She always gets up at six. 1 for late always I am class 2 meet ever hardly we 2 meet ever hardly we 3 what work you usually time do finish? 4 morning in the hungry I am never 5 often I read don't the newspaper weekends. 6 restaurants sometimes expensive to go we 7 wine good usually very is this b Complete with in, on, or at and a time expression. five o'clock July 4th Christmas Sundays the summer midnight the afternoon nine-o'clock In the UK people usually start work at nine o'clock 1 On December 31st many people drink champagne 2 In the USA they celebrate Independence Day 3 Many people all over the world give presents 4 In Italy it's usually very hot
a Complete the sentences with an accommercial always hardly ever some they don't have a life in the sentences with an accommercial always hardly ever some interest in the sentences with an accommercial always hardly ever some interest in the sentences with an accommendation in the sentences with a sentence with a sentences with a sentence with a sentences with a sentences with a sentences with a sentence with a sentences with a sentence with a sentences with a	always she at six up gets She always gets up at six. 1 for late always I am class 2 meet ever hardly we 3 what work you usually time do finish? 4 morning in the hungry I am never 1 late. 5 often I read don't the newspaper weekends. 6 restaurants sometimes expensive to go we 7 wine good usually very is this b Complete with in, on, or at and a time expression. five o'clock July 4th Christmas Sundays the summer midnight the afternoon nine-o'clock In the UK people usually start work at nine o'clock 1 On December 31st many people drink champagne 2 In the USA they celebrate Independence Day 3 Many people all over the world give presents 4 In Italy it's usually very hot 5 In many countries shops are closed
a Complete the sentences with an accommon always hardly ever some they don't have a life of the sentences with an accommon and they are always hardly ever some they don't have a life of they are always as a veget at the sentence of the se	always she at six up gets She always gets up at six. 1 for late always I am class 2 meet ever hardly we 2 meet ever hardly we 3 what work you usually time do finish? 4 morning in the hungry I am never 5 often I read don't the newspaper weekends. 6 restaurants sometimes expensive to go we 7 wine good usually very is this b Complete with in, on, or at and a time expression. five o'clock July 4th Christmas Sundays the summer midnight the afternoon nine-o'clock In the UK people usually start work at nine o'clock 1 On December 31st many people drink champagne 2 In the USA they celebrate Independence Day 3 Many people all over the world give presents 4 In Italy it's usually very hot

Communication

3B What's the time? Student A



Ask and answer questions with B to complete the times on the clocks.

Clock 1: What's the time? / What time is it?

3B Louisa's day Student A

Ask B these questions.

- 1 What time does Louisa get up? (6.30.)
- 2 How does she get to work? (She cycles.)
- 3 What does she have for breakfast? (A sandwich.)
- 4 Does she go out in the evening? Why (not)? (No – a babysitter is very expensive.)
- 5 What time does she cook dinner? (6.30.)

3C The Okinawa way

1	a	2	b 1	c 0
2	a	2	b 1	c 0
3	a	2	b 1	c 0
4	a	0	b 2	c 1
5	a	2	b 1	c 0
6	a	0	b 2	c 1
7	a	0	b 1	c 2
8	a	2	b 1	c 0
9	a	2	b 1	c 0
10	a	0	b 1	c 2

What your score means:

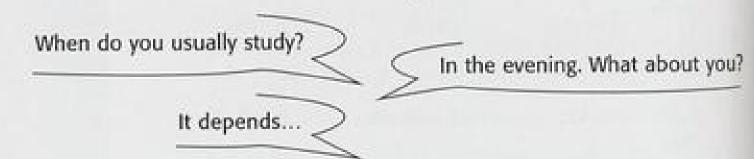
- 0–7 Your philosophy is 'a short life and a happy one'. Have a good time!
- 8–14 Your lifestyle is OK but you don't live the Okinawa way. You need to change some things if you want to have a very long life.
- 15–20 Congratulations! You live the Okinawa way. You have a very good chance of living until you are 100 years old (or more!).

3D When...? Student A

a Ask B these questions.

When do you usually?	What time do you normally?
study	get up
have a shower or bath	go to work / school
drink champagne	start work / school
see all your family	have dinner
listen to the radio	
do housework	
go to the beach	

b Answer B's questions with a preposition + a time word. Ask What about you?



1C Interview Students A+B

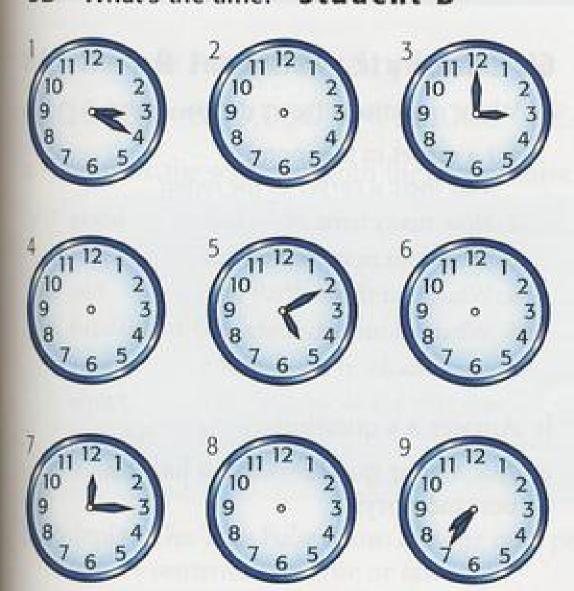
A is the receptionist. Ask B questions and complete the form.

What's your first name?

First name	
Surname Country / City	
Student	Yes No 🗆
Age	
Address Postcode	
E-mail address	
Phone number	
Mobile phone	

Change roles. Now B is the receptionist. Ask A questions and complete the form.

3B What's the time? Student B



Ask and answer questions with A to complete the times on the clocks.

Clock 2: What's the time? / What time is it?

3B Louisa's day Student B

Ask A these questions.

- 1 Does Louisa have breakfast at home? Why (not)? (No – she doesn't have time.)
- 2 Why does she cycle to work? (Because the bus is expensive.)
- 3 What time does she finish work? (5.00.)
- 4 What does she do after dinner? (She does housework or answers e-mails.)
- 5 What time does George go to bed? (9.00.)

3D When...? Student B

- a Answer A's questions with a preposition + a time word. Ask What about you?
- b Ask A these questions.

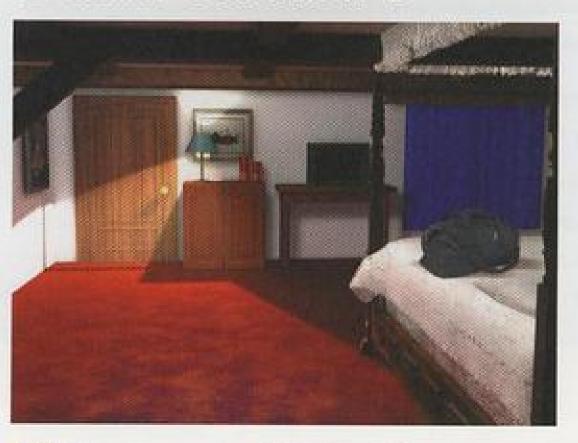
When do you usually?	What time do you normally?
have coffee come to your English class go shopping have a holiday watch TV do homework relax	go to bed have lunch finish work / school have dinner

When do you usually have coffee?

In the morning. What about you?

I don't drink coffee.

6B Room 11 Students A+B



Memory test A p.109 B p.112

Times and dates

1 Time words and expressions

a Complete the expressions.

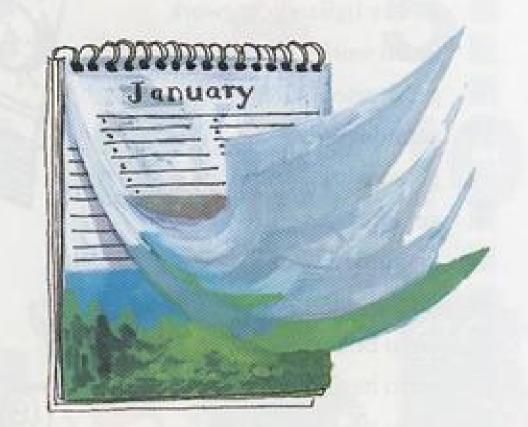
How often do you see your friends?

MTWThFSS week 1, week 2, etc. Jan, Feb, March, etc. 2001, 2002, 2003, etc.

every <u>day</u> /'evri/
every w_____
every m____
every y____

only on Mondays on Mondays and Wednesdays on Mondays and Wednesdays and Fridays in January, April, July, and October

once a _____ /wʌns/
twice a ____
three times a ____
four times a ____



b Cover the right-hand column. Test yourself.

O p.33

2 The date

- a Match the words and pictures.
 - spring summer
- Easter Christmas
- autumn /'ɔ:təm/
- New Year











- b Complete the months. Remember to use CAPITAL letters!
 - Lanuary /'dʒænjuəri/
- _uly /dʒuˈlaɪ/
- _ebruary /'februəri/
- _ugust /'a:gast/

_arch

- _eptember /sep'tembə/
- _pril /'eɪprɪl/
- __ctober /pk'teubə/

_ay

_une

ecember /dr'sembə/

ovember /nəu'vembə/

c Complete the numbers and words.

1st	first /f3:st/
2nd	/'sekənd/
	third /03:d/
4th	
	fifth /fιfθ/
6th	taodas habber
7th	
	eighth
	ninth
10th	
11th	and particular in the second
	twelfth /twelfθ/
13th	
l4th	
	twentieth /'twent19θ/
21st	
	<u>twen</u> ty- <u>se</u> cond
23rd	
	twenty-fourth
30th	/θs:tɪəθ/
	thirty-first
II othor	ordinal numbers = number +

- d Look at the example. What's the date today?

 12/3 = the twelfth of March OR March the twelfth
- O p.34