

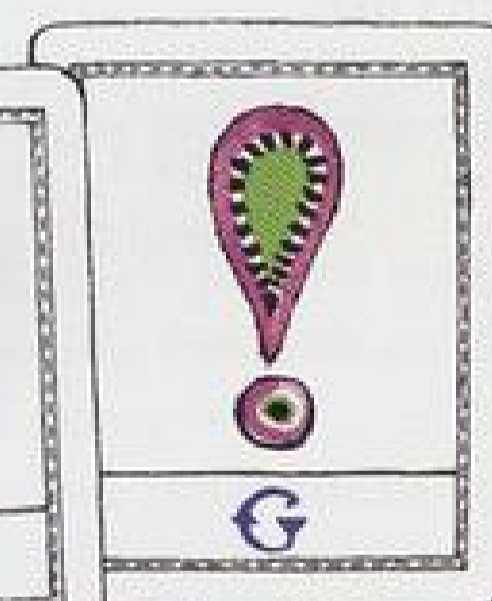
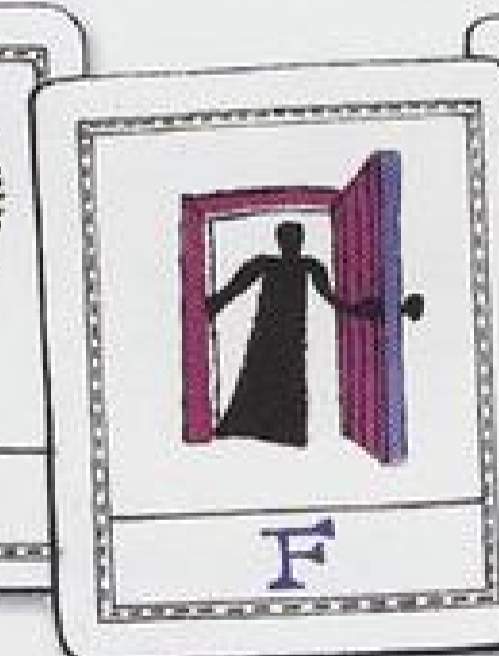
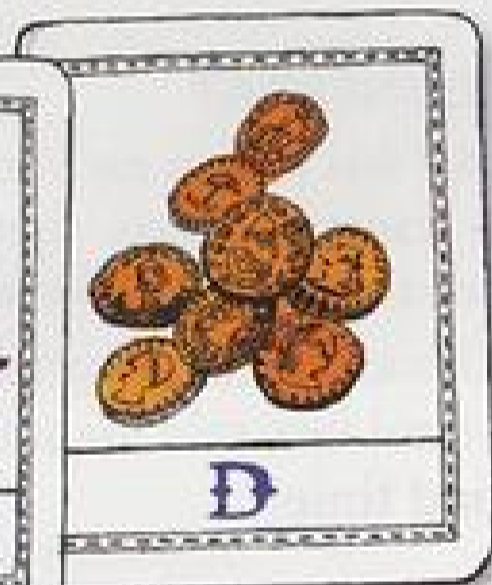
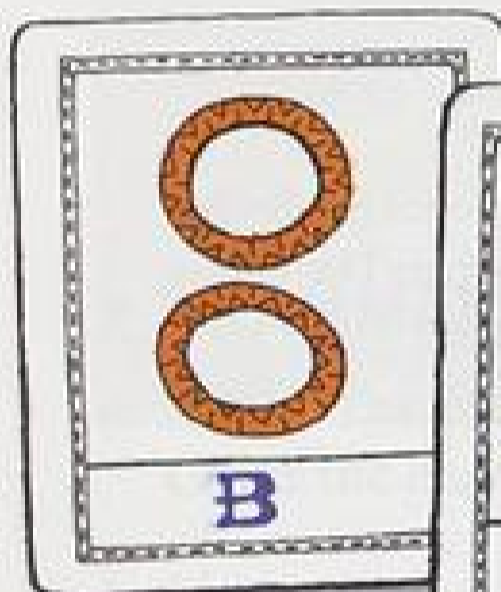
You're going to be very happy.

It's written in the cards

1 READING & LISTENING

a Match the cards and verb phrases.

- be famous
- get a new job
- get married
- fall in love
- travel
- get a lot of money
- have a surprise
- be lucky
- move house
- meet somebody new



b 7.11 Cover the story. Read and listen to the first paragraph only. In pairs, answer the questions. Then do the same with the other four paragraphs.

It's written in the cards

'Come in,' said a voice. Jane Ross opened the door and went into a small room. There was a man sitting behind a table.

'Good afternoon,' said Jane. 'I want to see Madame Yolanda, the fortune teller.'

'Madame Yolanda isn't here today,' said the man. 'But don't worry. I'm going to tell you about your future. What questions do you want to ask?' Jane looked at the fortune teller. She couldn't see him very well because the room was very dark.



- 1 Who does Jane want to see?
- 2 Who is going to tell her about her future? Why?
- 3 Why can't she see the man very well?

7.12

Well,' she said, 'I have a problem with my boyfriend. We argue all the time. I don't think he loves me. I want to know if we're going to stay together.'

'Please choose five cards, but don't look at them.'

Jane took five cards. The fortune teller put them on the table face down. He turned over the first card.

'Ah, this is a good card. This means you're going to be very lucky.'

'But am I going to stay with my boyfriend?' Jane asked.

'Maybe,' said the fortune teller. 'We need to look at the other cards first.'



- 4 What's Jane's problem?
- 5 How many cards does she take?
- 6 What is her first card? What does it mean?

He turned over the second card.

'Mm, a house. A new house. You're going to move, very soon, to another country.'

'But my boyfriend works here. He can't move to another country.'

'Let's look at the next card,' said the fortune teller. He turned over the third card.

'A heart. You're going to fall in love.'

'Who with?' asked Jane.

'Let me concentrate. I can see a tall man. He's very attractive.'

'Oh, that's Jim,' said Jane.

'Who's Jim? Your boyfriend?'

'No. Jim's a man I met at a party last month. He's an actor, and he says he's in love with me. It was his idea for me to come to Madame Yolanda.'

'Well, the card says that you're going to fall in love with him.'

'Are you sure?' asked Jane. 'But what about my boyfriend?'

'Let's look at the fourth card,' said the fortune teller.

- 7 What's the second card? What does it mean?
- 8 Why is this a problem for Jane?
- 9 What's her third card? What does it mean?
- 10 Who's Jim? Where did Jane meet him?
- 11 What do you think the fourth card is going to be?

The fortune teller turned over a card with two rings.

'Now I can see everything clearly. You are going to leave your boyfriend and go away with the other man, to another country. You are going to get married.'

'Married? But am I going to be happy with him?'

'You're going to be very happy.'

Jane looked at her watch. 'Oh no, look at the time. I'm going to be late.'

She stood up, left a £50 note on the table, and ran out of the room.

- 12 What is her fourth card? What does it mean?
- 13 Why is she in a hurry?
- 14 How much does she pay?

The fortune teller stood up. He turned on the light. At that moment an old woman came in. 'So, what happened?' she asked.

'She believed everything,' said Jim. 'I told you, I'm a very good actor!'

He gave the woman £100.

'That's Jane's £50 and another £50 from me. Thanks very much, Madame Yolanda.'

Madame Yolanda took the money. The fifth card was still on the table, face down. She turned it over. It was the ship. She looked at it for four or five seconds and then she said:


'Young man! Don't travel with that girl – you're going to...'

But the room was empty.

- 15 Who was the fortune teller?
- 16 Why does he pay Madame Yolanda £50?
- 17 What's the fifth card? What do you think is going to happen?

2 GRAMMAR *be going to* (predictions)




- a Look at these two sentences. Which one is a *plan*? Which one is a *prediction*?
 - 1 She's going to be very lucky.
 - 2 She's going to go to New York next week.



- b  **p.134 Grammar Bank 7D.** Read the rules and do the exercises.

3 PRONUNCIATION /ʊ/, /u:/, and /ʌ/

- a Put these words from the story in the correct column. Be careful, *oo* can be /ʊ/ or /u:/.

good look love lucky money
move put couldn't argue you
new young but soon woman

- b  **7.16** Listen and check.
- c  **p.157 Sound Bank.** Look at the typical spellings for these sounds.

4 SPEAKING

Roleplay fortune telling.

A Look at the ten cards in exercise 1. Secretly, number the cards in a different order.

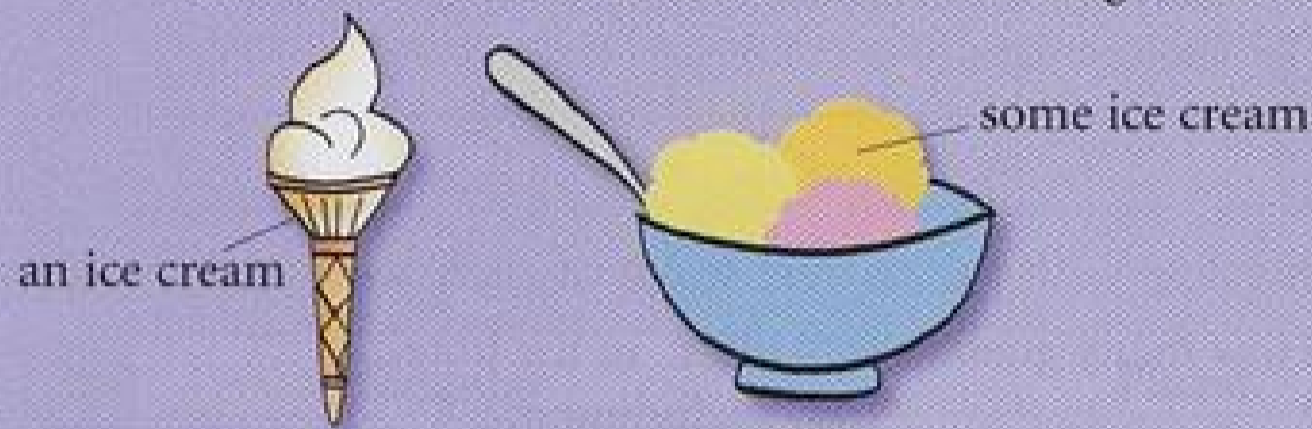
B Choose five numbers.

A Predict **B**'s future using those cards. Then change roles.

I'm going to tell you about your future. Your first card is a star. You're going to be famous. Maybe you're going to be on TV...

7A countable / uncountable nouns

- There are two kinds of noun in English, countable (C) and uncountable (U).
C = things you can count. C nouns can be singular or plural.
one apple, two apples, three apples.
U = things you can't count. U nouns can't be plural.
butter, meat NOT two-butters, three-meats
- Some nouns can be C or U but the meaning is different.



a / an, some / any

	Countable	Uncountable
⊕ We need	an apple. some apples.	some butter. some milk.
⊖ We don't need	a tomato. any tomatoes.	any rice. any sugar.
⊙ Do we need	a tomato? any tomatoes?	any rice? any sugar?

- Use *a / an* with singular C nouns.
- Use *some* with plural C nouns and U nouns in ⊕.
- Use *any* with plural C nouns and U nouns in ⊖ and ⊙.

⚠ We can also use *some* in ⊙ to ask for and offer things.
Can I have some coffee?
Would you like some biscuits?

7B how much / how many?

Uncountable (singular)	Full answers	Short answers
How much water do you drink?	I drink a lot of water. I drink quite a lot of water. I don't drink much water. I don't drink any water.	A lot. Quite a lot. Not much. None.
Countable (plural)		
How many sweets did you eat?	I ate a lot of sweets. I ate quite a lot of sweets. I didn't eat many sweets. I didn't eat any sweets.	A lot. Quite a lot. Not many. None.

- Use *How much...?* with uncountable (U) nouns and *How many...?* with plural countable (C) nouns.
- Use: *a lot (of)* with C and U nouns for a big quantity.
quite a lot (of) for quite a big quantity.
not...much with U nouns for a small quantity.
not...many with C plural nouns for a small quantity.
not...any (*none* in short answers) for zero quantity.

7C be going to (plans)

⊕

Full form	Contraction	
I am	I'm	going to have a holiday next month.
You are	You're	
He / She / It is	He / She / It's	
We are	We're	
You are	You're	
They are	They're	

⊖

Full form	Contraction	
I am not	I'm not	going to have a holiday next month.
You are not	You aren't	
He / She / It is not	He / She / It isn't	
We are not	We aren't	
You are not	You aren't	
They are not	They aren't	

⊙

✓

✗

Am I	going to have a holiday next month?	Yes,	I am.	No,	I'm not.
Are you			you are.		you aren't.
Is he / she / it			he / she / it is.		he / she / it isn't.
Are we			we are.		we aren't.
Are you			you are.		you aren't.
Are they			they are.		they aren't.

- Use *be going to + verb* (infinitive) to talk about future plans.
- With the verb *go* you can say *I'm going to go* OR *I'm going to-go*.
- We often use future time expressions with *going to*.
tomorrow, next week, next year, etc.

⚠ next year NOT the-next-year

7D be going to (predictions)

You can also use *be going to + verb* (infinitive) for predictions.



(I think) They're going to be very happy.



(I think) It's going to rain.

7A

a Write *a, an, or some* + a food / drink word.

- 1 some cereal 6 _____
- 2 _____ 7 _____
- 3 _____ 8 _____
- 4 _____ 9 _____
- 5 _____ 10 _____



b Complete the dialogue with *a, an, some, or any*.

- A I invited my sister for dinner. Is that OK?
 B No, it isn't. We don't have any food!
- A There are ¹ _____ eggs and ² _____ cheese.
 I can make ³ _____ omelette.
- B There aren't ⁴ _____ eggs. I had the last two.
- A We can make ⁵ _____ pasta. Are there ⁶ _____ tomatoes?
 B Yes. And there's ⁷ _____ onion. What about drink? Is there
⁸ _____ wine?
- A Yes, there's ⁹ _____ bottle of red wine. And there's
¹⁰ _____ Coke too.

7B

a Complete with *How much / How many*.

How much fruit do you eat?

- 1 _____ people were there at the party?
- 2 _____ milk does she drink?
- 3 _____ coffee did you drink yesterday?
- 4 _____ eggs are there in the fridge?
- 5 _____ cents are there in a euro?
- 6 _____ money do you have with you?
- 7 _____ hours does your baby usually sleep?
- 8 _____ free time do you have during the week?

b Cross-out the wrong words.

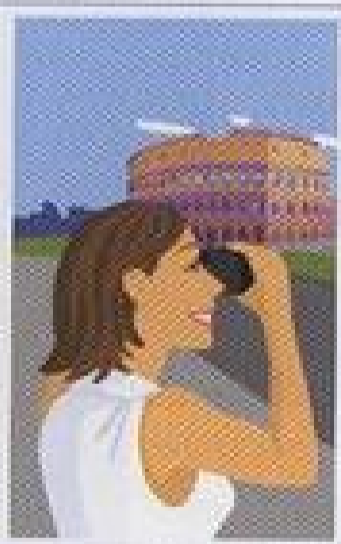
- I don't eat **much** / **many** apples.
- 1 I eat **a lot of** / **much** fruit.
 - 2 Do you drink **much** / **many** water?
 - 3 We don't buy **much** / **many** vegetables.
 - 4 A How much meat do you eat?
 B **None** / **Any**. I'm a vegetarian.
 - 5 I eat **quite a lot of** / **quite** fish.
 - 6 A How much exercise do you do?
 B **No much** / **Not much**.

7C

a Write sentences about Susan's holiday plans.

She's going to go to Rome. (go)

- 1 _____ Italian. (speak)
- 2 _____ a hotel. (stay in)
- 3 _____ photos. (take)
- 4 _____ spaghetti. (eat)
- 5 _____ Colosseum. (see)



b Complete the sentences with *(be) going to* + a verb.

buy cook do not have study not fly

Our car is ten years old. We 're going to buy a new one.

- 1 My mother's at work so my father _____ the lunch.
- 2 I _____ tonight. I have an exam tomorrow.
- 3 _____ you _____ a present for Bill?
- 4 We _____ to Edinburgh. It's too expensive.
- 5 What _____ your brother _____ after school?
- 6 It's her birthday next week, but she _____ a party.

7D

a Write predictions for the pictures.

- 1 It's going to _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____

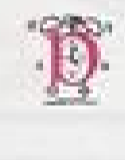


b Complete the predictions with *(be) going to* and a verb.








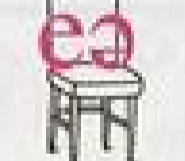

be break have not pass wake up win

It's my dream holiday! I know I 'm going to have a good time.

- 1 They're playing very well. I think they _____ the match.
- 2 She's a very bad student. She _____ the exam.
- 3 Look at the blue sky. It _____ a beautiful day.
- 4 You're driving very fast! We _____ an accident!
- 5 Be careful with that glass! You _____ it!
- 6 The baby's very tired. I don't think she _____ tonight.

	usual spelling	▲ but also
 fish	i his this film six big swim	English women busy
 tree	ee meet three ea speak eat e me we	people police key niece
 cat	a thanks flat black Japan have stamp	
 car	ar garden party start a father glasses dance	aunt
 clock	o hot stop coffee long not box	what watch want
 horse	or sport door al talk small aw saw draw	water four bought thought
 bull	u full put oo good book look room	could would woman
 boot	oo school food u* June use ew new flew	do fruit juice shoe
 bird	er her verb ir first third ur nurse turn	learn work world word
 computer	Many different spellings. /ə/ is always unstressed. teacher umbrella America famous second ago	

* especially before consonant + e

	usual spelling	▲ but also
 egg	e yes help ten pet very red	friend bread breakfast any said
 up	u bus lunch ugly run lucky cut	come brother son does young
 train	a* name make ai rain paint ay play day	break steak great eight they grey
 phone	o* home drove old don't oa road toast	slow low
 bike	i* nine twice y my why igh high night	buy
 owl	ou out thousand house count ow how brown	
 boy	oi coin noise toilet oy toy enjoy	
 ear	eer beer engineer ere here we're ear year hear	really idea
 chair	air airport stairs fair hair are square careful	their there wear
 tourist	A very unusual sound. euro Europe poor sure plural	
/i/	A sound between /ɪ/ and /i:/. Consonant + y at the end of words is pronounced /i/. happy any thirsty	
/u/	An unusual sound. education usually situation	