The highest city in the world

1 READING

- a Look at the photos. Where do you think the places are?
- b Read the article and complete each heading with a phrase.

The coldest

The highest

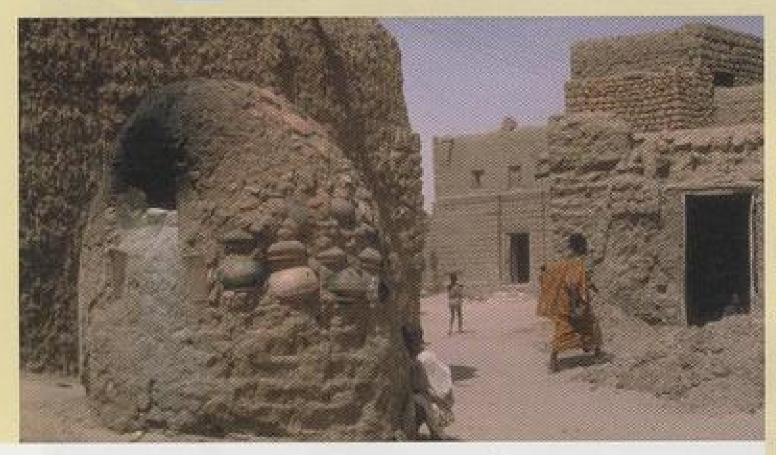
The hottest

EXTREME LIVING

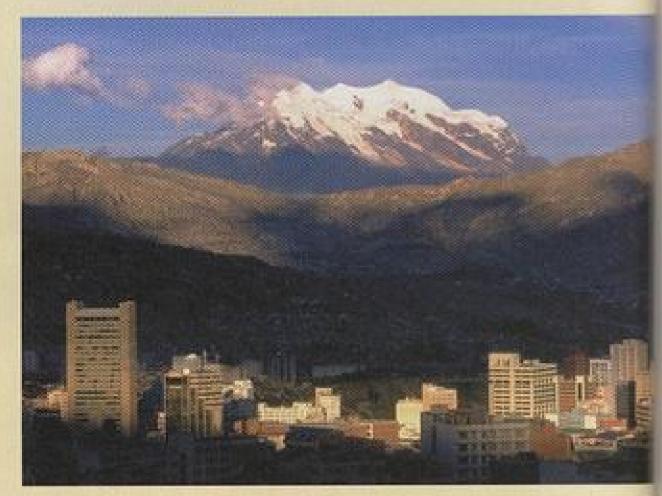
Welcome to the coldest, highest, and hottest places in the world!

country in the world

How do people live in **Mali**, West Africa, where the temperature is often 50°? John Baxter, a BBC journalist in Mali, says, 'People get up very early and they don't move very much in the afternoon. Surprisingly, they wear a lot of clothes (usually **cotton**) as this helps them not to get dehydrated. Houses are very hot and don't have air conditioning – the best place to sleep is on the **roof**!'



- c Read the article again. Answers these questions.
 - 1 Where do people wear a lot of cotton clothes?
 - 2 Where is a good place to play golf?
 - 3 Where do people sleep on the roof?
 - 4 Where can you have a problem with your nose?
 - 5 Where do you need to be careful in spring?
 - 6 Where is a bad place to drink a lot of alcohol?
- d In pairs, guess the meaning of the highlighted words. Check with your teacher or a dictionary.
- e Choose five new words to learn from the article.



capital city in the world

La Paz in Bolivia is 4,090 metres above sea level. It can be difficult to breathe because there isn't much oxygen. Liz Tremlett, a travel agent who lives there, says, 'When people arrive at El Alto airport we sometimes need to give them oxygen.' It is also the worst place to be if you drink too much beer. The next day you feel terrible because you get more dehydrated. But La Paz is a very good place to play golf. At this altitude, when you hit a golf ball it goes further!

place in the world

Can you imagine living in a place which is four times colder than your **freezer**? This is **Yakutia** in Siberia, where in winter it is often -50° or lower. Valeria Usimenko, a housewife, says,



Mali

'After a few minutes outside your nose fills with ice. It snows a lot and there is always a lot of ice and snow on top of the houses. The most dangerous time is the spring – when the ice falls it can kill people! The winter is very boring because we can't go out much. A lot of babies are born here in the autumn!

Adapted from a magazine

2 GRAMMAR superlative adjectives

a Complete the chart with superlatives from the article.

adjective	comparative	superlative
cold	colder	the coldest
high	higher	
hot	hotter	
dangerous	more dangerous	
good	better	
bad	worse	A PLANTAGE OF THE PARTY OF THE

b O p.136 Grammar Bank 8B. Read the rules and do the exercises.

3 PRONUNCIATION consonant groups

- 8.5 Listen and repeat the adjectives in 2a.
- b 8.6 Words which have two or three consonants together can be difficult to pronounce. Listen and repeat these superlatives.

the most expensive the most beautiful the most crowded the smallest the driest the fastest the coldest the strongest

c Complete the questions with superlative adjectives. Then ask and answer the questions with a partner.

World Capitals Quiz

	World Capitals Quiz
1	What's the capital city in the world? (noisy) a Tokyo b Madrid c Rome
2	What's the capital city in the world? (big) a Buenos Aires b Mexico City c Tokyo
3	What's the capital city in the world? (dry) a Nairobi b Lagos c Cairo
4	What's the capital city in the world? (expensive) a London b Tokyo c Washington
5	What's the capital city in the world? (safe) a Copenhagen b Canberra c Oslo
6	What's the capital city in the world? (crowded) a Beijing b Bangkok c New Delhi

4 VOCABULARY the weather

a What's the weather like? Match the sentences and pictures.

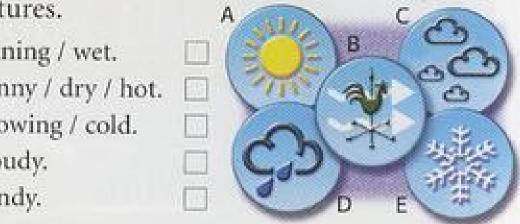
1 It's raining / wet.

2 It's sunny / dry / hot.

3 It's snowing / cold.

4 It's cloudy,

5 It's windy.



b What's the weather like where you are today?

5 SPEAKING

In pairs or small groups, ask and answer these questions about your country.

What's the wettest place?

How well do you know your country?

What's / wet / place? What's / hot / place? What's / windy / place? What's / cold / place?

> What's / high / mountain? What's / long / river? What's / big / city?

What's / beautiful / city?

What's / popular / place for tourists? Why?

What's / good / time of year to visit? Why?

What's / bad / time of year to visit? Why?

What's / good / way to travel round the country?

What's / dangerous / city?

8A comparative adjectives

White cars are safer than yellow cars.

Mosquitoes are more dangerous than sharks.

Tigers are better swimmers than cats.

 Use comparative adjectives + than to compare two people / things.

Adjective	Comparative	
old cheap	old er cheap er	one-syllable adjectives: add -er
big hot	bigger hotter	adjectives ending one vowel + one consonant: double consonant, add -er
healthy happy	healthier happier	one- or two-syllable adjectives ending consonant $+ y > -ier$
famous expensive	more famous more expensive	two- or more syllable adjectives: more + adjective
good bad far	better worse further	irregular

8B superlative adjectives

It's **the hottest** country in the world. **The most dangerous** time is the spring.

 Use the + superlative adjective to say which is the (biggest, etc.) in a group.

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative	
cold	colder	the coldest	add -est
high	higher	the highest	
hot	hotter	the hottest	double consonant, add -est
big	bigger	the biggest	
pretty	prettier	the prettiest	> -iest
sunny	sunnier	the sunniest	
dangerous	more dangerous	the most dangerous	the most + adjective
good	better	the best	irregular
bad	worse	the worst	
far	further	the furthest	

8C would like to

I You He She We They They They

? V X you you you he he he Would like to fly a plane? would. No, Yes, wouldn't. she she she we we we they they they

- Contractions: 'd = would, wouldn't = would not.
- I would like to = I want to (now or in the future).
- Use the infinitive with to after would like.
 I would like to learn. NOT I-would like learn.
- You can also use Would you like to...? for invitations.

Would you like to have dinner with me tonight?

A

Would like and like are different.

I'd like to dance. (= I want to dance now or in the future)

I like dancing. (= 1 enjoy it, I like it in general)

8D adverbs

I drive slowly. They speak very quietly. People dress very well.

- · Use adverbs to say how people do things.
- Adverbs usually go after the verb.
 I speak English very well.
 NOT I speak very well English.
- · Look at the chart for how to make adverbs.

Adjective	Adverb	
slow quick bad careful	slowly quickly badly carefully	+ -ly
healthy easy	healthily easily	consonant + y > -ily
good fast hard	well fast hard	irregular

- Remember the difference between adjectives and adverbs.
 I'm a careful driver. (adjective)
 I drive carefully. (adverb)
 - Not all words that end in -ly are adverbs, e.g. friendly = adjective. He's a friendly person.

8A	
a Write the comparative form of these	adjectives. b Write comparative sentences.
hothotter	The Nile / the Amazon (long)
1 short	The Nile is longer than the Amazon.
2 difficult	1 Canada / Brazil (big)
3 beautiful	2 Tessa / Deborah (pretty)
4 noisy	3 Driving / flying (dangerous)
5 thin	4 My English / your English (had)
6 near	5 This chair / that chair (comfortable)
7 easy	6 Her husband / her (young)
8 rich	7 Buses / trains (cheap)
	8 French wine / English wine (good)
8B	
a Write the opposite superlative adjective	as b Complete the second secon
the hottestthe coldest	es. b Complete the sentences with a superlative. Use the adjectives in brackets. It's the most dangerous country in the world. (dangerous)
1 the biggest	1 I am in my family. (tall)
2 the lowest	2 That house is in the street. (old)
3 the cheapest	3 The Scots make whisky in the world. (good)
4 the youngest	4 This is part of the country. (hot)
5 the easiest	5 This is building in the city. (famous)
6 the wettest	6 He's student in the class. (bad)
7 the ugliest	7 Chinese is one of languages to learn. (difficult)
8 the richest	8 It's dress in the shop. (pretty)
BC BC	The state of the s
1 / go to New York 1'd like to go to New York. 1 I / be a millionaire. 2 you / be famous? 3 I / not / go up in a balloon 4 he / learn to cook 5 she / not / be on TV 6 they / have children? 7 I / not / live in a foreign country 8 We / like / buy a bigger flat	Complete these sentences with a verb in the correct form (infinitive or -ing). be get open cook go (x 2) see live have fly learn I'd like to learn to fly a plane. 1 Would you like dinner with me tonight? 2 I'd like to Australia but I don't like 3 She wouldn't like a teacher. She hates children. 4 Do you like wild animals? Would you like on a safari? 5 We'd like married in June. 6 I would like a restaurant because I like 7 Does your sister like in Paris? 8 Would you like another language?
BD	b Complete the sentences with adverbs from these adjectives.
Adjective or adverb? Cross out the wrong	word. bad good careful hard easy healthy slow quiet beautiful
He's very polite / politely.	
1 Our teacher speaks very slow / slowly.	I don't speak French very well.
2 Her German is perfect / perfectly.	1 We played in the semi-final and we lost 5-1.
3 Everything happened very quick / quick	2 Hurry up! You're walking very
4 The food was very good / well.	, please? Your father is asleep.
5 Please drive careful / carefully.	4 We had a good map and we found their house
6 You can walk safe / safely at night in thi	5 The boss likes him because he works
7 My sister dresses very good / well.	6 Open the bag There are eggs inside.
8 The weather is terrible / terribly tonight	7 He eats very – lots of fruit and vegetables.
terriore / terriory tomign	t. 8 She sings I'm sure she's going to be famous.