D

They dress well but drive badly

1 READING & SPEAKING

a Look at these cities. What countries are they in?

Rio aneiro Barcelona Sydney

- b Imagine you are going to live in one of these cities. Mark them E (easy for me to live in) or D (difficult for me to live in). Compare with a partner. Say why.
- c Read the article. Where are the three people living? Complete the gaps with cities from a.
- d Read the article again. Then cover it and try to remember three things about each city. Did anything surprise you?

The inside story

Three people who live abroad talk about their 'new' countries.



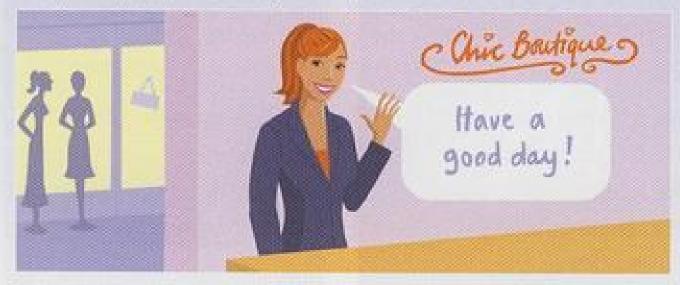
Nuria from Spain lives in

Driving 8/10 I was surprised – people drive quite slowly. People use their cars for everything. You never see people walking in the street.

Social life 5/10 People don't go out

during the week because they work very hard. It's normal to work twelve hours a day and people usually only have one or two weeks' holiday. Work is the most important thing here, more important than family and social life.

People 9/10 People are really nice here. It's easy to talk to them. And in shops the shop assistants are very helpful. They always say 'Have a good day!'





Mónica from Argentina lives in

Safety 10/10 There is almost no crime here. You can walk safely in the city late at night. And you can leave things in your car and nobody steals them!

Driving 7/10 People drive carefully, but the big problem is that there aren't any street names. It's impossible to find where you want to go. Even taxi drivers don't know! Also traffic lights are horizontal and they are difficult to see.



People 9/10 They are shy and polite and they speak very quietly. But when they drink some of them change completely! Last Friday night I went out with people from work and we ended up in a karaoke bar. My boss is usually quite serious but he sang 'My Way' very loudly and badly.

2 GRAMMAR adverbs

a Look at these sentences. How do you make an adverb from an adjective?

adjectives

They are slow drivers. They are careful drivers.

adverbs

They drive slowly. They drive carefully.

- b Look at the article again. Find and underline nine verb + adverb phrases. Which adverbs don't end in -ly?
- c Dp.136 Grammar Bank 8D. Read the rules and do the exercises.
- d 8.12 Listen and say what is happening. Use an adverb. They're speaking quietly.

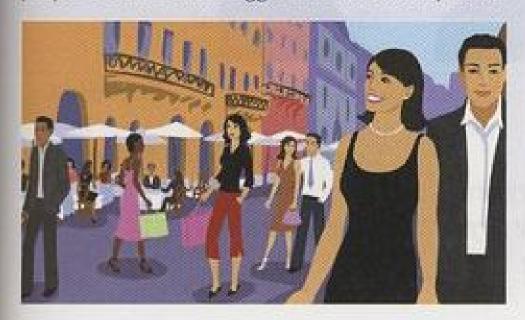


Kevin from the UK lives in

Clothes 8/10 Appearance is very important. Everybody dresses well, but especially the men. They are very elegant and wear very stylish clothes. It is easy to see who the British people are here!

Food 9/10 They love food here and it is fantastic! But times are changing. Today many people under 35 can't cook. Supermarkets are full of food now which you can put in the microwave. When I first came to live here there weren't any McDonald's but now they are everywhere.

Driving 5/10 People here are in love with their cars and they drive very fast. Even the nicest people become more aggressive when they drive.



3 PRONUNCIATION adjectives and adverbs

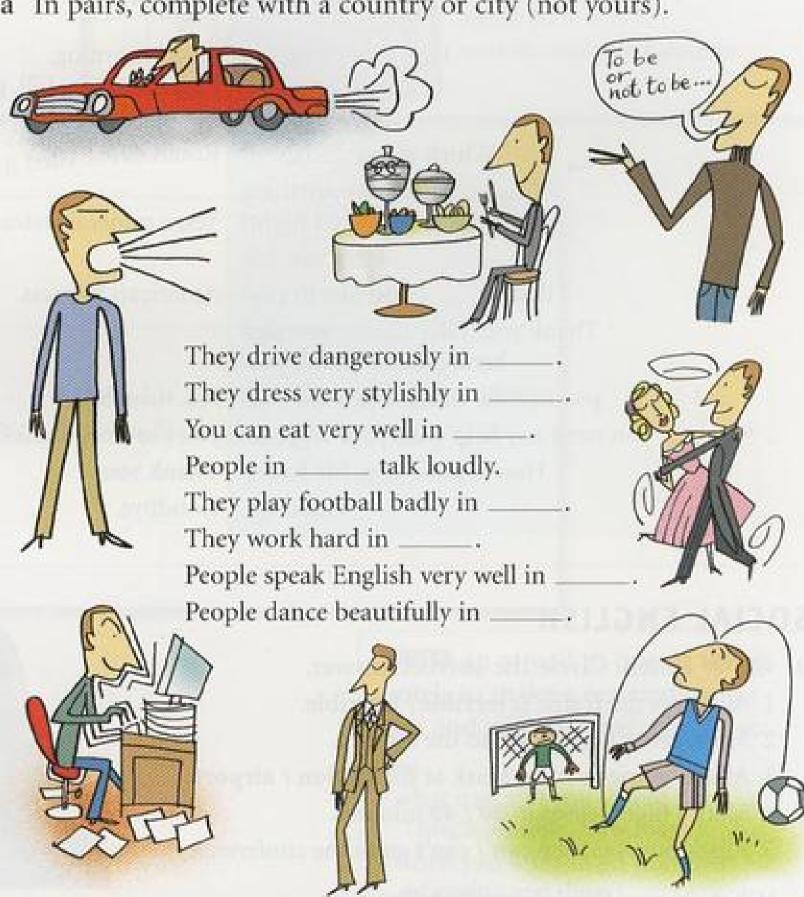
a Underline the stressed syllable in the adjectives.

adjectives	adverbs
aggressive	aggressively
stylish	stylishly
dangerous	dangerously
polite	politely
beautiful	beautifully
quiet	quietly
careful	carefully
complete	completely

- 8.13 Listen and check. Repeat the adjectives.
- 8.14 Now listen to the adverbs. Does the stress change?
- d Practise saying the adverbs.

4 SPEAKING

a In pairs, complete with a country or city (not yours).



- b Compare your sentences with other students. Do you agree?
- c What about in your country or city? How do people...?



8A comparative adjectives

White cars are safer than yellow cars.

Mosquitoes are more dangerous than sharks.

Tigers are better swimmers than cats.

 Use comparative adjectives + than to compare two people / things.

Adjective	Comparative	
old cheap	old er cheap er	one-syllable adjectives: add -er
big hot	bigger hotter	adjectives ending one vowel + one consonant: double consonant, add -er
healthy happy	healthier happier	one- or two-syllable adjectives ending consonant $+ y > -ier$
famous expensive	more famous more expensive	two- or more syllable adjectives: more + adjective
good bad far	better worse further	irregular

8B superlative adjectives

It's **the hottest** country in the world. **The most dangerous** time is the spring.

 Use the + superlative adjective to say which is the (biggest, etc.) in a group.

Adjective	Comparative	Superlative	
cold	colder	the coldest	add -est
high	higher	the highest	
hot	hotter	the hottest	double consonant, add -est
big	bigger	the biggest	
pretty	prettier	the prettiest	> -iest
sunny	sunnier	the sunniest	
dangerous	more dangerous	the most dangerous	the most + adjective
good	better	the best	irregular
bad	worse	the worst	
far	further	the furthest	

8C would like to

I You He She We They They They

? V X you you you he he he Would like to fly a plane? would. No, Yes, wouldn't. she she she we we we they they they

- Contractions: 'd = would, wouldn't = would not.
- I would like to = I want to (now or in the future).
- Use the infinitive with to after would like.
 I would like to learn. NOT I-would like learn.
- You can also use Would you like to...? for invitations.

Would you like to have dinner with me tonight?

A

Would like and like are different.

I'd like to dance. (= I want to dance now or in the future)

I like dancing. (= 1 enjoy it, I like it in general)

8D adverbs

I drive slowly. They speak very quietly. People dress very well.

- · Use adverbs to say how people do things.
- Adverbs usually go after the verb.
 I speak English very well.
 NOT I speak very well English.
- · Look at the chart for how to make adverbs.

Adjective	Adverb	
slow quick bad careful	slowly quickly badly carefully	+ -ly
healthy easy	healthily easily	consonant + y > -ily
good fast hard	well fast hard	irregular

- Remember the difference between adjectives and adverbs.
 I'm a careful driver. (adjective)
 I drive carefully. (adverb)
 - Not all words that end in -ly are adverbs, e.g. friendly = adjective. He's a friendly person.

8A	
a Write the comparative form of these	adjectives. b Write comparative sentences.
hothotter	The Nile / the Amazon (long)
1 short	The Nile is longer than the Amazon.
2 difficult	1 Canada / Brazil (big)
3 beautiful	2 Tessa / Deborah (pretty)
4 noisy	3 Driving / flying (dangerous)
5 thin	4 My English / your English (had)
6 near	5 This chair / that chair (comfortable)
7 easy	6 Her husband / her (young)
8 rich	7 Buses / trains (cheap)
	8 French wine / English wine (good)
8B	
a Write the opposite superlative adjective	as b Complete the second secon
the hottestthe coldest	es. b Complete the sentences with a superlative. Use the adjectives in brackets. It's the most dangerous country in the world. (dangerous)
1 the biggest	1 I am in my family. (tall)
2 the lowest	2 That house is in the street. (old)
3 the cheapest	3 The Scots make whisky in the world. (good)
4 the youngest	4 This is part of the country. (hot)
5 the easiest	5 This is building in the city. (famous)
6 the wettest	6 He's student in the class. (bad)
7 the ugliest	7 Chinese is one of languages to learn. (difficult)
8 the richest	8 It's dress in the shop. (pretty)
BC BC	The state of the s
1 / go to New York 1'd like to go to New York. 1 I / be a millionaire. 2 you / be famous? 3 I / not / go up in a balloon 4 he / learn to cook 5 she / not / be on TV 6 they / have children? 7 I / not / live in a foreign country 8 We / like / buy a bigger flat	Complete these sentences with a verb in the correct form (infinitive or -ing). be get open cook go (x 2) see live have fly learn I'd like to learn to fly a plane. 1 Would you like dinner with me tonight? 2 I'd like to Australia but I don't like 3 She wouldn't like a teacher. She hates children. 4 Do you like wild animals? Would you like on a safari? 5 We'd like married in June. 6 I would like a restaurant because I like 7 Does your sister like in Paris? 8 Would you like another language?
BD	b Complete the sentences with adverbs from these adjectives.
Adjective or adverb? Cross out the wrong	word. bad good careful hard easy healthy slow quiet beautiful
He's very polite / politely.	good careful hard easy healthy slow quiet beautiful
1 Our teacher speaks very slow / slowly.	I don't speak French very well.
2 Her German is perfect / perfectly.	1 We played in the semi-final and we lost 5-1.
3 Everything happened very quick / quick	2 Hurry up! You're walking very
4 The food was very good / well.	, please? Your father is asleep.
5 Please drive careful / carefully.	4 We had a good map and we found their house
6 You can walk safe / safely at night in thi	5 The boss likes him because he works
7 My sister dresses very good / well.	6 Open the bag There are eggs inside.
8 The weather is terrible / terribly tonight	7 He eats very – lots of fruit and vegetables.
terrible / terribly tollight	t. 8 She sings I'm sure she's going to be famous.