

# 2 D

G *so, because, but, although*

V verb phrases

P the letter *a*

She was going very fast because she was in a hurry.

## One October evening

### 1 READING

**A** Next day Jamie phoned Hannah and invited her to dinner. He took her to a very romantic French restaurant and they talked all evening. After that Jamie and Hannah saw each other every day. Every evening when Hannah finished work they met at 5.30 in a coffee bar in the High Street. They were madly in love.

**B** Suddenly, a man ran across the road. He was wearing a dark coat so Hannah didn't see him until it was too late. Although she tried to stop, she hit the man. Hannah panicked. She didn't stop and she drove to the coffee bar as fast as she could. But when she arrived Jamie wasn't there. She phoned him, but his mobile was turned off, so she waited for ten minutes and then went home.

**C** **I** **Hannah met Jamie in the summer of 2004.** It was Hannah's 21st birthday and she and her friends went to a club. They wanted to dance, but they didn't like the music so Hannah went to speak to the DJ. 'This music is awful,' she said. 'Could you play something else?' The DJ looked at her and said, 'Don't worry, I have the perfect song for you.'

**D** Two hours later a police car arrived at Hannah's house. A policewoman knocked at the door. 'Good evening, Madam,' she said. 'Are you Hannah Davis? I'd like to speak to you. Can I come in?'

**E** One evening in October, Hannah was at work. As usual she was going to meet Jamie at 5.30. It was dark and it was raining. She looked at her watch. It was 5.20! She was going to be late! She ran to her car and got in. At 5.25 she was driving along the High Street. She was going very fast because she was in a hurry.

**F** Two minutes later he said: 'The next song is by Coldplay. It's called *Yellow* and it's for a beautiful girl who's dancing over there.' Hannah knew that the song was for her because she was wearing a yellow dress. When Hannah and her friends left the club, the DJ was waiting at the door. 'Hi, I'm Jamie,' he said to Hannah. 'Can I see you again?' So Hannah gave him her phone number.



**a** **2.11** Read the story and order the paragraphs 1–6. Listen and check.

**b** Read the story again and answer the questions.

- 1 When did Hannah meet Jamie?
- 2 Why did Hannah go and speak to Jamie in the club?
- 3 Why did Jamie play *Yellow*?
- 4 What happened when Hannah left the club?
- 5 Where did they go on their first date?
- 6 Where did they go every evening?
- 7 What was the weather like that evening?
- 8 Why was Hannah driving fast?
- 9 Why didn't she see the man?
- 10 What did she do after the accident?
- 11 Was Jamie at the coffee bar?
- 12 What happened two hours later?

### 2 GRAMMAR *so, because, but, although*

**a** Complete these sentences from the story with *so, because, but, or although*.

- 1 She was going very fast \_\_\_\_\_ she was in a hurry.
- 2 \_\_\_\_\_ she tried to stop, she hit the man.
- 3 They wanted to dance, \_\_\_\_\_ they didn't like the music.
- 4 He was wearing a dark coat \_\_\_\_\_ Hannah didn't see him.

**b** **p.128 Grammar Bank 2D** Read the rules and do the exercises.

### 3 VOCABULARY verb phrases

a Make verb phrases with a verb from circle 1 and a phrase from circle 2.

*meet in a coffee bar*

b Cover circle 1. Try to remember the verb for each phrase.



### 4 PRONUNCIATION the letter a

Hannah met Jamie in the summer of 2004.

▲ The letter *a* has different pronunciations.

a **2.12** Listen and repeat the sound words in the chart.

b **2.13** Put these words in the right columns. Listen and check.

again all although arrive dark  
fast play ran romantic wait

madly panic	later take	saw talk	dance bar	along across
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____	_____

### 5 SPEAKING



a Read the story of Hannah and Jamie in 1 again.

b In pairs, use the pictures 1–6 to re-tell the story.

### 6 LISTENING

▲ Remember! When people speak fast, they link words together.

a **2.14** That evening a policewoman went to Hannah's house. Listen to six extracts from their conversation. What are the missing words?

- 1 A policewoman \_\_\_\_\_ the door.
- 2 Can \_\_\_\_\_ ?
- 3 Well, I'm afraid I have \_\_\_\_\_ news for you.
- 4 It was a \_\_\_\_\_ car.
- 5 Every police officer in the town \_\_\_\_\_ her.
- 6 Did you know your \_\_\_\_\_ is broken?

b **2.15** Now listen to all the conversation. When the teacher pauses the recording, answer the questions.

- 1 What do you think the policewoman is going to say?
- 2 What do you think the bad news is?
- 3 Do you think Jamie is OK?
- 4 Who do you think was driving the car?
- 5 Why do you think the policewoman wants to see her car?

c Now close your books and listen again. Can you follow the story?

## 2A past simple regular and irregular

	+	-
I You He She It We They	stayed in a hotel. went on holiday.	didn't stay in a hotel. didn't go on holiday.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> ?	Did you stay in a hotel? Did you go on holiday?	Yes I did. No, I didn't.

infinitive	past
work	worked
stay	stayed
like	liked (just add <i>d</i> if verb finishes in <i>e</i> )
study	studied ( <i>y&gt;i</i> after a consonant)
stop	stopped (if verb finishes in consonant-vowel-consonant, double the final consonant)

- Use the past simple to talk about finished actions in the past.
- The past simple is the same for all persons.
- Use the infinitive after *Did...?* and *didn't* for negatives and questions.
- To make the past simple  $+$  of regular verbs add *-ed*. Remember the spelling rules.
- Many common verbs are irregular in  $+$  past simple, for example *go>went*. See the **Irregular verb list** on p.155.

2B past continuous: *was / were + verb + ing*

	+	-
I He She It	was working	You We They were working
I He She It	wasn't working	You We They weren't working
? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Was he working? Were they working?	Yes, he was. Yes, they were. No, he wasn't. No, they weren't.

## past simple or past continuous?

When I **took** the photo, they **were writing** a song.  
I **was sitting** at home when I **saw** the news on TV.

- Use the past simple for a completed action.  
*I took the photo. / I saw the news.*
- Use the past continuous for an action in progress.  
*They were writing a song. / I was sitting at home.*

## 2C questions with and without auxiliaries

## Questions with an auxiliary

Question	Auxiliary	Subject	Infinitive
What music	do	you	like?
Which CD	did	he	buy?
Who	did	you	go with?

- To make questions in the past and present simple, we normally use the auxiliary verbs *do / does / did* + the infinitive.  
*What music do you like?* NOT *What music you like?*
- The normal order for questions in the present and past is **QUASI** (See p.126 1A).

## Questions without an auxiliary

Subject	Verb	
What	happened	after the concert?
Which country	won	the Eurovision Song Contest?
Who	writes	their songs?

- When the question word (*Who? What? Which? How many?*) is the subject of the verb in the question, we do not use an auxiliary (*do, does, did*) and the verb is in the third person.  
*Who writes their songs?* NOT *Who does write their songs?*

2D *so, because, but, although**because and so*

She was driving fast **because** she was in a hurry. (reason)  
She was in a hurry **so** she was driving fast. (result)  
Hannah spoke to the DJ **because** they didn't like the music. (reason)  
They didn't like the music **so** Hannah spoke to the DJ. (result)

- Use *because* to express a reason.
- Use *so* to express a result.

*but and although*

She tried to stop **but** she hit the man.  
**Although** she tried to stop, she hit the man.  
It was late **but** she couldn't sleep.  
She couldn't sleep **although** it was late.

- Use *but* and *although* to show a contrast.
- *Although* can go at the beginning or in the middle of the sentence.

2A

a Put the verbs in brackets in the past simple.

Two summers ago we had (have) a holiday in Scotland. We <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (drive) there from London, but our car <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (break) down on the motorway and we <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (spend) the first night in Birmingham. When we <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (get) to Edinburgh we <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not can) find a good hotel – they <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (be) all full. We <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not know) what to do but in the end we <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (find) a bed and breakfast and we <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (stay) there for the week. We <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (see) the castle, <sup>11</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to the Arts Festival, and we <sup>12</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) a lot of souvenirs. We <sup>13</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (want) to go to Loch Ness but we <sup>14</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (not have) much time and it <sup>15</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (be) quite far away. The weather <sup>16</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (be) good, but it <sup>17</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (start) raining the day we <sup>18</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ (leave).

b Re-order the words to make questions.

*Where did you go on holiday? go where holiday you on did?*

**Vancouver**

1 \_\_\_\_\_ ? time did have you good a?

**Yes, it was great.**

2 \_\_\_\_\_ ? with did who go you?

**With some friends.**

3 \_\_\_\_\_ ? stay where did you?

**In a hotel.**

4 \_\_\_\_\_ ? you it why didn't like?

**Because it was very modern and quite expensive.**

5 \_\_\_\_\_ ? how did cost plane much the ticket?

**£500.**



2B

a Complete with a verb in the past continuous.

- 1 He met his wife when he \_\_\_\_\_ in Japan. (work)
- 2 They \_\_\_\_\_ for us when we arrived. (wait)
- 3 \_\_\_\_\_ she \_\_\_\_\_ a coat when she went out? (wear)
- 4 What \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ at 7.30 last night? (do)
- 5 I \_\_\_\_\_ when you gave the instructions. (not listen)
- 6 I \_\_\_\_\_ when you phoned me. (drive)
- 7 It \_\_\_\_\_ when I woke up this morning. (not rain)

b Put the verbs into the past simple or past continuous.

- She *arrived* when we *were having* dinner. (arrive, have)
- 1 I \_\_\_\_\_ my arm when I \_\_\_\_\_ football. (break, play)
  - 2 \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ fast when the police \_\_\_\_\_ you? (drive, stop)
  - 3 It \_\_\_\_\_ when we \_\_\_\_\_ the pub. (snow, leave)
  - 4 I \_\_\_\_\_ the match because I \_\_\_\_\_. (not see, work)
  - 5 When you \_\_\_\_\_ me, I \_\_\_\_\_ to my boss. (call, talk)

2C

a Cross out the wrong question.

What **you did** / **did you** do last night?

- 1 What **happened** / **did happen** to you?
- 2 What **means this word** / **does this word mean**?
- 3 How many people **came** / **did come** to this class?
- 4 Which bus **goes** / **does go** to the airport?
- 5 Which actor **won** / **did win** the Oscar this year?
- 6 What **said the teacher** / **did the teacher say**?

b Write the questions. Do you know the answers?

Who said 'Hasta la vista, baby'? (say)

- 1 How many Formula 1 world championships \_\_\_\_\_? (Ayrton Senna / win)
- 2 Which US president \_\_\_\_\_ the Nobel Peace Prize in 1990? (win)
- 3 Who \_\_\_\_\_ the film *Reservoir Dogs*? (direct)
- 4 When \_\_\_\_\_ president of South Africa? (Nelson Mandela / become)
- 5 Who \_\_\_\_\_ *The Lord of the Rings*? (write)
- 6 What \_\_\_\_\_ before he became a singer? (Sting / do)

2D

a Complete with *so*, *because*, *but*, or *although*.

We couldn't find a taxi so we walked home.

- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ it was very cold, she wasn't wearing a coat.
- 2 I woke up in the night \_\_\_\_\_ there was a noise.
- 3 I called him \_\_\_\_\_ his mobile was turned off.
- 4 \_\_\_\_\_ she's very nice, she doesn't have many friends.
- 5 There was nothing on TV \_\_\_\_\_ I went to bed.
- 6 All the cafés were full \_\_\_\_\_ it was a public holiday.
- 7 She wanted to be a doctor \_\_\_\_\_ she failed her exams.

b Match the sentence halves and complete with *so*, *because*, *but*, or *although*.

- |                                     |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1 I was tired last night <u>so</u>  | <b>E</b> A I lost your e-mail address        |
| 2 She drove quite fast _____        | <b>B</b> B it was her birthday.              |
| 3 His English isn't very good _____ | <b>C</b> C they didn't have any rooms.       |
| 4 I phoned him at his office _____  | <b>D</b> D he lived in the UK for two years. |
| 5 She's not feeling very well _____ | <b>E</b> E I went to bed early.              |
| 6 I didn't write to you _____       | <b>F</b> F she was in a hurry.               |
| 7 He called the hotel _____         | <b>G</b> G he was in a meeting.              |
| 8 I took her to a restaurant _____  | <b>H</b> H she can't go to class tonight.    |