

## ASKING FOR HELP

6.14 Listen and underline the right phrase.

- Allie asks the receptionist for some **aspirin** / **painkillers**.
- Allie has a **headache** / **backache**.
- The receptionist **gives** / **doesn't give** her medicine.
- Allie **wants** / **doesn't want** a doctor.
- The pharmacy **is** / **isn't** near the hotel.



US English

pharmacy



UK English

chemist's



## ASKING FOR MEDICINE

- a 6.15 Cover the dialogue and listen. What does the pharmacist give her? How often does she have to take them? How much are they?

## YOU HEAR YOU SAY

Good morning. Can I help you?	I have a bad cold. Do you have something I can take?
What _____ do you have?	I have a headache and a cough.
Do you have a _____?	No, I don't think so.
Does your back _____?	No.
Are you allergic to any drugs?	I'm allergic to penicillin.
No problem. These are _____.	How many do I have to take?
These will make you feel _____.	Sorry? How often?
Two every four hours.	OK, thanks. How much are they?
Every four hours. If you don't feel better in _____ hours, you should see a doctor.	Thank you.
\$4.75, please.	
You're welcome.	



- b Listen again. Complete the YOU HEAR phrases.

aspirin    better    hurt    symptoms  
temperature    twenty-four

- c 6.16 Listen and repeat the YOU SAY phrases. Copy the rhythm.
- d In pairs, roleplay the dialogue. A (book open) you're the pharmacist, B (book closed) you're Allie. Swap roles.

## SOCIAL ENGLISH talking about the party

- a 6.17 Listen and mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

- Mark apologizes for getting angry last night.
- Allie thinks Brad is annoying.
- Brad isn't Allie's type of man.
- Today is Allie's last day.
- They're going to have dinner on a boat.

- b Complete the USEFUL PHRASES. Listen again and check.

- c 6.18 Listen and repeat the phrases. How do you say them in your language?

## USEFUL PHRASES

M B \_\_\_\_\_ you!

M I'm really sorry a \_\_\_\_\_ (last night).

A I don't m \_\_\_\_\_. You choose.

M H \_\_\_\_\_ about (a boat trip around the bay)?

A That s \_\_\_\_\_ fantastic.

A It's a p \_\_\_\_\_.



From: Daniel

To: Alessandra

Subject: Exams

Hi Alessandra!

Thanks for your last e-mail. I hope your exams went well. I have some exciting news and I'm writing to <sup>1</sup> ask for your advice.

I <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ to go on holiday to Argentina next year. What do you <sup>3</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ is the best month for me to come? I can only come for three weeks, so which places do you think I should <sup>4</sup> \_\_\_\_\_? Do you think I should <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a car or travel around by bus or train?

I'm planning to <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a few days in and around Mendoza, and it would be great if we could <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_\_\_. Can you <sup>8</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ a good hotel (not too expensive)?

Hope to hear from you soon!

Best wishes,  
Daniel



a Read the e-mail and complete it with these verbs.

ask hire meet recommend spend think visit want

b Imagine that Daniel has written to *you* about visiting *your* country. Plan how you're going to answer his questions. Compare with a partner.

c Look at the USEFUL PHRASES. What are the missing words?

**USEFUL PHRASES**

- 1 Thanks \_\_\_\_\_ your e-mail.
- 2 It was great to hear \_\_\_\_\_ you again.
- 3 I'm really happy that you want \_\_\_\_\_ visit my country.
- 4 I think you should come \_\_\_\_\_ July.
- 5 If I were you, I'd travel \_\_\_\_\_ bus.
- 6 I'm looking forward \_\_\_\_\_ seeing you soon.

**WRITE** an e-mail to Daniel. Use the phrases in c to help you.

Paragraph 1 Thank him for his e-mail, etc.

Paragraph 2 Answer his questions about your country. Give reasons.

Paragraph 3 Answer his question about your town. Give reasons.

**CHECK** your e-mail for mistakes ( **grammar** , **punctuation** , and **spelling** ).