Teacher Link 3C Pronunciation



Description Students practise sentence stress and consider how it can change the meaning of a statement

Use this activity after 5c, page 46 Lesson link

Time 20 minutes

Extra material Print out and photocopy the Different stresses worksheet for each pair of students

Instructions

Write on the board:

I never drive to work.

Ask SS to say the sentence – they'll almost certainly say it in a 'neutral' way, with normal sentence stress, i.e. I never drive to work. Then underline I:

I never drive to work.

Say this sentence aloud yourself, and ask SS when someone might say it with this sentence stress, e.g. if all their colleagues say they drive to work, and someone wants to stress that they don't. Then erase the underlining under I and underline drive instead:

I never drive to work.

Say this sentence aloud and ask SS when someone might use this sentence stress, e.g. if they go on to say but I often cycle.

Explain that we can stress almost any word in a sentence to emphasize a particular meaning.

b Divide SS into pairs and give them a copy of the worksheet. Tell them to say the statements aloud and match them with the meanings, and then to make up three situations.

- After SS have finished ask them to join another pair (to form groups of four) and compare their answers.
- d Check the answers with the class and drill any sentences SS are having difficulties with.

An	swers					
1	a 2	b 1	C 3			
2	a 3	b 2	c 1			
3	a 1	b 2	c 3			
Lan lend you 20 dollars. — Someone else has just said that they can't.						
l <u>c</u>	<u>an</u> lend	you 20	dollars. =	- I didn't think I had enough money, but I do!		
Ica	an <u>lend</u>	you 20	dollars. =	 I'm not giving it to you I want you to pay me back. 		
Ica	an lend	<u>you</u> 20	dollars. =	- But I'm not lending 20 dollars to anyone else.		
I ca	an lend	you <u>20</u>	dollars. =	- But I can't lend you e.g. 50 dollars.		
I ca	an lend	you 20	dollars	But I don't have any euros, pounds, etc.		

3C Pronunciation



Different stresses

Say the statements aloud stressing the underlined words, then match them to their meanings.

0	b	What time did he say he was coming? — What time did he say he was coming? What time did he say he was coming?	\		I know when she's coming. When did he say he'd arrive? I can't believe he's coming then!	
2					,	
2	c	What time did he say he was coming?		3	I can't believe he's coming then!	
2	2					
2	2					_
	a	Please put <u>everything</u> away if you've finished.		1	I've asked you before to tidy up and you still haven't done it!	
	b	Please put everything <u>away</u> if you've <u>finished</u> .		2	I'd like you to tidy up if you've finished.	
	C	<u>Please</u> put everything away if you've finished.		3	Don't leave anything untidy if you've finished. You have a habit of not tidying up very well!	•
	_					_
6	a	I'll <u>phone</u> you <u>later</u> .		1	Expect me to call you.	
b	b	<u>I'll</u> phone <u>you</u> later.			Please don't phone me.	
	c	I'll <u>phone</u> you later.		3	I won't email or text.	

Now make up three situations for this quote using different sentence stresses.						
I can lend you 20 dollars.	1					
	2					
	3					